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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1866.

In Franklin county, on Saturday, the Republicans held a special election among themselves to determine whom their representatives in the Legislature should support for United States Senator. The result was largely in favor of Gov. Curtin. Mr. Stamsburgh, some time since, publicly expressed his preference for General Cameron. Whether the instructions he has received will change his purpose we are not informed.

In Philadelphia, it is stated, that Mr Connell, avowedly for General Cameron, will have the pressure of public meetings brought to bear upon him, and that a majority of the Republicans of his district will sign their names to a request in the same behalf.

The Presidents of the several Colleges in Illinois recently held a sort of convention in which the interests of education, especially as connected with those Institutions, was discussed—as the introduction of shorter courses for certain practical purposes, the instruction of young men and women in the same schools, College amenity and intercourse, the propriety of a joint application to the Legislature for aid to existing Colleges, and the Agricultural College Fund granted by Congress. Considerable interest has been excited all over the State by this meeting.

The Richmond *Times* consoles itself under defeat with the idea that we cannot amend the Constitution without the consent of the Rebel States. *Ten*, they say, will defeat it, and they can now count *fourteen*. This is in accordance with the Johnson theory, which would have disabled us from carrying on the war, and is now invoked to prevent us from either punishing the convicts or securing our selves. We must now have *their* consent, it seems, for either of these purposes. Could anything be more refreshingly cool?

The Buffalo *Express* states that on Friday an elderly gentleman named Sheldon, said to be a retired Banker, from Albion, Mich., was found about noon dead in his room at the Tremont House, at Suspension Bridge. The attention of the inmates of the hotel was attracted to his apartment by the smell of gas escaping from it, and on forcing the door open Sheldon was found dead, and the room filled with gas, which it appeared he had neglected to turn off.

Illinois journals are urging the Legislature of that State, at its coming session, to prohibit the consolidation or combination of competing railroads. The design is to cheapen freights on grain coming east. Better get up a manufacturing interest in the West and Northwest that will consume much of the grain near the spot of production.

At Louisville, on Saturday last, the remains of General Rodger W. Hanson, who fell in the Confederate service, in the battle at Stone River, were received with great public pomp, a large portion of Morgan's cavalry being again on horseback. On Sunday there was a funeral oration, a procession and imposing ceremonies at the grave.

Such is the growing desire for instruction among the colored people in Washington, that over 5,000 are daily in attendance at the schools in operation there. In the normal school for the training of teachers and Ministers of the gospel who are to go south among their own people, there are nearly one hundred members.

The Chicago *Tribune* insists that Congress shall impeach and depose the President. Considering that even a majority has not been found to resist manfully the insolent encroachments of the President, it seems absurd to expect of them the harder task of arraigning and convicting him for his offences.

The Trustees of the State Lunatic Asylum at Harrisburg have raised the price of board for patients to $3.50 per week for the counties; $3.00 for townships, and $3.50 as the lowest rates for private patients. This increase was, of course, induced by the advanced costs of provisions and attendance.

A school for the education and training of the sons of slain patriots, established four years ago at Deposit, Delaware county, New York, by Colonel and Mrs. Young, was last winter taken by the Legislature under the patronage of the State. It is now in a flourishing condition.

Gen. B. F. Butler is farther illustrating his versatility by engaging as a lecturer before literary societies. The Brooklyn (N. Y.) Fraternity Course will be opened by him with a lecture on the "Usurpations of Executive Power, and the Constitutional Remedy therefor."

Maj. Gen. Fry, late Provost Marshal General, has been assigned to duty in California, and has sailed. So far, well; but it would have been much better had he been sent a good deal farther at least four years ago.

The Twenty-ninth Annual Meeting of the Pennsylvania Anti-Slavery Society will be held in the city of Philadelphia, in the Hall of the Franklin Institute, on Thursday and Friday, November 22d and 23d.

Mr. Horace Greeley, for Congress, ran about one thousand in his district ahead of Governor Fenton.

In a number of cities preparations are already making for the arrival of the skating season.

By the Merchants' National Telegraph Co.:

From Oil City.

Special to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Oil City, Nov. 13.

River seventeen inches. Weather clear and pleasant. Oil market dull. K.

Military Meeting at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, November 13.—The meeting of the officers of the army of Tennessee takes place here to-morrow. Grant and Sherman will not be present as was expected, but there will be a large representation of other distinguished officers. Mozart Hall has been finely decorated for the occasion. A grand banquet at the Burnett House will close the proceedings.

Man Murdered at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Nov. 13.—Last night several men while under the influence of liquor, got up a distinbance at a drinking house, when a man named Neelson, lately from New York, was shot by a man named Deny and almost instantly killed.

CITY ITEMS.

The Best Known Tonic.

Caswell, Mack & Co.'s Combination of Iron, Phosphorus and Calisaya, known as Ferro—Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya. The iron restores color to the blood; the Phosphorus renews waste of the nerve tissue, and the Calisaya gives a natural, healthful tone to the digestive organs.

One pint contains the virtue of one ounce of Calisaya and one teaspoonful a grain of Iron and Phosphorus. Manufactured by

Caswell, Mcak & Co., New York.

For sale by all druggists.

Perfumery.

Lovers of good perfumery will find it a pleasure to examine and make their selections from such a stock as can be found at McClarran & McKennan's drug store. Their assortments has always been considered the best in the city, but at present far supasses any previous display. The finest French, English and American goods can be found there in profusion, consisting of Extracts, Pomades, Hair Oils, Colognes, Soaps, Powders, Cosmetics, &c. The trade of this house is so great and the stock so well managed, that goods do not remain on hand a sufficient length of time for them to loose any of their excellence or in the least deteriorate.

Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.

The Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea-shore. It is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by

Caswell, Mack & Co. New York.

Sold by all druggists.

Millions of Money

Might be saved, if the heads of government only had a proper understanding. Gardiner, No. 60 Fifth street, is now prepared to furnish all with the necessary understanding in the way of Boots and Shoes, as his second large supply of fall and winter goods is now being received.

Fresh Stock

Of good stout seasonable Goods now being received. Sold at exorbitant low prices. Opera House Shoe Store.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 180, 194, 198 and 195 First street, Pittsburgh.

Gardiner,

No. 60 Fifth street, has now on sale the newest Goods at prices the lowest ever head of

Unprecedented

In the annals of history, is the great popularity of the Opera House Shoe Store.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,

No. 84 Market street, for the Brown's Vermifuge Comfite, the best Worm Medicine in use.

Remember,

Good Cough Candy can be obtained at 112 Federal street, Allegheny City. Geo. Beaven.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,

No. 84 Market street, for good Sponges, at low rates.

You Use

98 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy

New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

TELEGRAMS.

The Baltimore Police Trouble—Judge Bartol Sustains Gov. Swann.

Baltimore, Md., November 13.—Judge Bartol has just rendered his decision in the habeas corpus case. He sustains the power of Gov. Swann to remove the Commissioners of Police. There was great cheering in the court room at the announcement of the decision. His decision reviews the whole case. He says that the order of Judge Bond, of the Criminal Court, that the parties be held to Criminal Court, that the parties be held to bail, and in default to be committed to keep the peace against the Police Commissioners, and not to seek to exercise any of the functions of Police Commissioners until their claim to said office should be established by the courts, was wholly unwarranted, and that the judge of the Criminal Court had no authority to issue such an order. He reviewed the code in regard to the Police Commissioners, and decided that it gave the Governor entire power in the matter; that it, in his judgment, Messrs. Woods and Hinds had been guilty of official misconduct, the law gave him power to remove them and appoint successors; that at the time Messrs. Davis and Valiant were arrested they had been truly and lawfully appointed Police Commissioners, that, clothed with the commission of the Governor, they were then truly in office and empowered to lawfully exercise all the functions of the same, in place of Messrs. Woods and Hinds, who had been removed and had been officially notified of the removal. Such was the decision of the Governor was final, as much as if it was so. Commissioners had been removed by the Legislature, and from his action there could be no appeal.

In view of the decision of Judge Bartol fully sustains the action of the Governor, and condemns that of the Criminal Courts, in virtually granting an injunction against Messrs. Davis and Valiant, by the order issued and discharged them from the custody in which they were held in virtue of the commitment. In such order the Judge decided that it was competent for the Criminal Court to entertain the charge alleged against Young and Valiant of conspiracy to break the peace, by forcibly taking possession of the police station and other property, held by Messrs. Woods and Hinds. Such a charge was an indictable offence, and upon that charge they were properly held to bail. Judge Bartol said he would issue an order for the immediate discharge of sheriff Thompson, and in the case of Messrs. Young and Valiant the discharged of them from custody under the illegal order of Judge Bond, restraining them from seeking to exercise the functions of their office as Police Commissioners, but as to the other charge of conspiracy to break the peace, he would require them to enter their own recognizances to answer the charge before the proper court.

The New Orleans Fair—Burning of a Cotton Ship and Loss of Life.

New Orleans, November 13.—Improved machinery and implements are arriving in large quantities, to be exhibited at the great fair to be held on the 20th inst. and a great display is expected of stock of all kinds, and also large numbers of fine horses from Western cities.

The steamer Henry Von Phul, from St. Louis for New Orleans, with thirty-five hundred bales of cotton aboard, was burnt above Donaldville. Two lives were lost.

Relief of the Quebec Sufferers—The Queen's Donation.

Quebec, November 13.—Great good is expected to result from the Queen's letter and donation to the sufferers by the late fire. In regard to future subscriptions, the Relief Committee have recommended that there be immediate-have recommended that there be immediately distributed ten dollars each, to over 13,000 families in this province to provide for the aid sent by the lower provinces.

The weather is fine.

Gen. Grant in Baltimore—The New Commissioners

Baltimore, November 13.—General Grant is in town to attend the horse fair. He is the guest of Judge Bond.

It is supposed that the new Commissioners will at once enter upon their duties, and renew their demand upon the old Board for the surrender of the police stations, &c. Messrs. Young and Valiant, on entering their office a few moments ago, were loudly cheered by the crowd.

Departure for England—The Fenian Trials

Montreal, C. E., Nov. 13.—The Hon. Messrs. Carter and Shavlean left last night for England via New York. Hon. Messrs. Howard and McDonald leave by the next steamer.

The Fenian trials which are to take place at Berthier, will be conducted by Mr. Ramsey, assistec. by Buchanan and Lunidat. Mr. B. Devlin is engaged in the defence. Justice Johnston will preside.

The Bounty of Colored Soldiers.

New York, November 13.—The *Herald's* Washington special says:

By competent authority that colored soldiers are entitled to the extra bounty, under the act of July 28, 1866, in all cases coming within the provisions of sections twelve and thirteen, and where they have received no bounty or a less bounty than one hundred dollars.

The Canada Gold Excitement.

Belleville, (C. W.,) Nov. 13.—The excitement regarding the discoveries in Madoc is still increasing. Large numbers of people continue to arrive, and nearly every person is returning bringing specimens of the precious metal. A rich deposit has been discovered where good specimens are found.

Jeff. Davis Not to be Released.

New York, November 13.—The Mississippi delagation has been informed that Jeff. Davis cannot be released at present, but that he will be furnished with every comfort compatible with his security.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

LATE NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

Incidents Attending Maximilian's Departure—Ill Feeling Between Bazaine and Castelnau.

New York, Nov. 13, 1866.

A correspondent writing from the City of Mexico under date of October 20th, gives us the following interesting incidents attending the Emperor Maximilian's departure from the Capital after his abdication. A few leagues from this city, on his way to Orizaba, Maximilian met the Captain of the Austrian frigate, lying at Vera Cruz, on his way to the Capital. His Majesty permitted the Captain to continue his journey, but ordered him to remain in this city but one day, and then to return direct to Vera Cruz, as he (Maximilian) intended to embark with him. Before quitting Chapultepec the servants at that Castle were all paid off and discharged, the baggage and personal property of His Majesty packed and prepared for removal, and some of it dispatched to Vera Cruz, and horses, carriages, &c., were disposed of, but all this was done so quietly that although the facts became known, still no one for a moment surmised that Maximilian intended to quit his Empire. Even the Princess Yturbide, who has charge of the young Prince, and has apartments at the Palace, was uninformed of his departure until the day before it took place.

Having perfected his arrangements for departure, his Majesty sent for Marshal Bazaine and gave him a verbal appointment of the Regency, and the Ministry were notified of the fact, and ordered to report to and consult with him as the Regent ad interim. His notification came like a thunderclap upon the Cabinet who at once repaired to Leopold's and protest against the act, but they were refused an audience or any explanation, whereat they unanimously resigned their portfolios, but Bazaine smoothed the matter over with them, inducing them to retain their positions for the present.

At six o'clock on Sunday morning, the 20th instant, he sprang into his saddle and at the head of his escort passed out of his castle gate and bade adieu to the cares, anxieties, pleasures and perplexities which he had encountered in the Mexican people. On Friday it became known that the Emperor intended going to Orizaba. As soon as it was ascertained, Liberals dispatched trusty messengers to the Commander of the Liberal forces near San Luis Potosi and to Porfirio Diaz, commanding in Oaxaca, notifying them of the intended Royal journey and detailing a plan for his capture, by parties of two thousand strong, accompanied with a battery of light artillery, which were to send in all speed to intercept the Emperor between Puebla and Pasodel Macho.

The Emperor was escorted only by four hundred cavalry, and if a proper position should be taken, the Liberals could easily destroy or capture this little force, and by carrying Maximilian prisoner to the mountains, force him to abdicate. So certain were the Liberals of success, that bets were offered with odds of two to one, that, before the Saturday following, Maximilian would be killed or taken prisoner. But the Liberals at the north had too long a distance to traverse before reaching him, being by his route the Admiral Porfiert Diez could not pass several French and Austrian posts which lay in his way, without fighting, and consequently the scheme came to naught. Castelnau is playing double in this Mexican business, and Bazaine gives him to understand that a French field marshal's baton is single handed, and that treats him accordingly. Castlenau attempted to question the marshal upon the condition of affairs, but Bazaine tartly replied that he was only master in matters of bayonettes. To-day Bazaine is making new contracts for it indicates, his troops were to remain longer than June next.

THE FENIAN TRIALS.

Trial of Thos. Scheet Postponed—Daniel Whelan on Trial.

Toronto, Nov. 13.—The Court resumed its sittings at ten o'clock this morning. Hon. Justice John Wilson presiding. Thomas Scheet was the first prisoner put in the dock. He showed most stoic insifference to the position in which he was placed. The prisoner's counsel put in an affidavit from the absent, who, it was believed, would swear that the prisoner was carried into Canada in a state of intoxication, against his will. Another affidavit showed that Scheet left Buffalo a month with the Fenians, but on finding a final named Hunt, Danville, New York, and another named Harlin, whose residence is not known. The case for the prosecution will not be gone into before Friday.

Daniel Whelan was next placed in the dock. He is a man of apparently about twenty years of age, and was dressed in the height of fashion. His counsel, he stated that he was not ready for his trial.

Mr. McKenzie—It is my intention, my Lord, to challenge the panel for challenge the array, but I am not prepared to go on with the case.

Hon. J. H. Cameron—You might have been ready. The fact was stated for the 13th and must go on in the absence of any proper reasons for putting it off.

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A long and elaborate argument here ensued between the counsel for the Crown and Mr. McKenzie, who insisted that the law in force only empowered the pursue to deny or traverse, whilst Mr. Cameron stated that they would do neither one or the other.

The Court then retired, and returned brother the Chief Justice, is at present in town. I should like to consult with him before I give judgment. My present impression is against the challenge.

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Mr. McKenzie intends, to-morrow, to move to quash the panel and will pursue the same course in each future trial.

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London, November 12—Evening.—The money market is firm; consols for money closed at 89¾; Erie Railroad shares, 39¾; Illinois Central, 78½; U. S. 5-20s, 69½.

Railroad Accident on the Buffalo and Erie Road—Five Persons Killed and Fifty Injured.

Erie, Pa., November 13.—The day express west, on the Buffalo and Erie Railroad, was thrown off the track near Girard station, nine miles east of this city, at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Some fifty persons were injured, and five killed. The killed are Dr. Wheeler, of Milwaukie, Wis.; Mr. Shaw, of Buffalo; a child, a man named Hunt, Danville, New York, and another named Harlin, whose residence is not known. The cause of the accident was a broken rail near Erie. Every comfort was afforded the wounded. The dead will be forwarded to their friends by the railroad company.

The accident was occasioned by the negligence of workmen engaged repairing the track.

Meeting of Shareholders of the Bank of Upper Canada.

Toronto, C. W., Nov. 13.—A meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Upper Canada took place to-day. The directors submitted a report to the shareholders, in which they say after mature consideration, and acting in accordance with the consent of Government, your directors have executed, under the seal of the bank, a deed of assignment, appointing the following gentlemen to wind up the affairs of the Bank, viz: Thomas C. Street, Peter Paterson, Robt. Cassels, Hugh C. Barwick and Peleg Howard. Your directors are of the opinion that, under careful and judicious management, a considerable surplus will ultimately remain for division among the shareholders after the whole liabilities of the bank have been paid.

Arrests Under the Civil Rights Bill—Kentucky Legislature—Death of W. B. Lewis.

Louisville, November 12.—The sales of cotton to-day were at 25 cent.

Edward Craigmile and John M. Connelly were arrested in Hardin county, some days since, under the Civil Rights bill by the Freedmen's Bureau, and turned over to the United States Court to-day and held in two thousand dollars each to answer at the next term of court at Nashville.

Fifty-six representatives, exactly a quorum, was present in the House. Four new members were afterward sworn in.

The House adjourned till to-morrow on account of the decease of W. B. Lewis, friend and associate of Andrew Jackson.

A quorum is expected to-morrow.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

THE BALTIMORE COMMISSIONERS.

Proclamation by the New Board.

Baltimore, November 13.—The new Police Commissioners this afternoon served another legal notice on the old Board of Commissioners to surrender all property in their charge, and also notified Mayor Chapman to attend a meeting of the board at five o'clock, subsequently they issued the following:

Commissioners of the Board of Police, *Baltimore City, No. 1 New Annex, Nov. 13, 1866.*—The Marshal other officers of the Police of Baltimore city, and all the members of the existing police in said city, are hereby strictly ordered and requested not to obey any orders that have emanated from the late Board of Police of said said city since two o'clock Tuesday afternoon, or any orders that may emanate from said late board hereafter. The undersigned have now entered upon the performance of their duties as Commissioners of Police, and there is no other authority which can lawfully act as a Board of Police in said city. Persons interested are required, at their peril, to obey this order.

(Signed.) James Young,
Thomas Valiant,
Police Commissioners.

Mayor Chapman did not accept the invitation of the new Police Commissioners to attend their meeting this evening, but it is probable that he will do so to-morrow.

Marshal Carmichael and his deputy together with the detectives belonging to the force, have responded to the summons of the new Commissioners, and Marshal Carmichael will report to the new Board for orders to-morrow morning.

The new Commissioners have announced that it is not their intention to make any changes in the present force, except in cases of misconduct and unfitness, and propose to accept the services of all the members of the old force who are willing to do duty under them.

It is not known what course the old board will now pursue, whether they will accept the situation and regard themselves as lawfully displaced, or further contest the question before the courts, is not known. Should they refuse to surrender the books, papers, &c., held by them as commissioners, the board will resort to a mandamus.

The present position of this affair causes no excitement, and all parties seemed disposed to regard the decision to-day as a final settlement of the difficulty.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Advices from Japan—Suppression of Rioters—Appointment of Postmasters—Grant's Order, No. 44, Not Revoked.

Washington City, November 13, 1866.—In the State Department has received dispatches from Acting Rear Admiral Bell, dated U. S. Flagship Hartford, Yeddo Bay, August 31. Accompanied by the Wyoming he, in July, went to Osaka and treaty ratifications. It was stipulated should be opened on the first of January, 1868. The Tycoon was believed to be opposed to the opening and the Admiral Portfert Diez could not pass several French and Austrian posts which lay in his way, without fighting, and consequently the scheme came to naught. Castlenau is playing double in this Mexican business, and Bazaine gives him to understand that a French field marshal's baton is single handed, and that treats him accordingly. Castlenau attempted to question the marshal upon the condition of affairs, but Bazaine tartly replied that he was only master in matters of bayonettes. To-day Bazaine is making new contracts for it indicates, his troops were to remain longer than June next.

The Japan business is finished. The Admiral says he leaves for Hong Kong, where he will meet the Wachusett to bring her home. The Admiral considers the information had been received of the movements and whereabouts of the Shenandoah. The store ship supply was at Hong Kong, which will enable the squadron to remain there. The health of the crew on the Hartford continues good. The sick list on board the Wyoming had decreased to 15 cases. The crew of the Wachusett rapidly regained their health after leaving the Yang-Tsee river.

The Admiral complains to the Navy Department some particulars as to his co-operation with the British Naval Commander on the coast of China, in the suppression of piracy. A number of junks destroyed was twenty-two, carrying in the aggregate seventy guns. About ninety of the pirates were slain and others were drowned, after a severe conflict.

The President has appointed Wm. R. Smith Postmaster at Portsmouth, Ohio, and Reason H. Spink, Postmaster at Worcester, Ohio.

Messrs. Hillyer and Lowrey, delegated by the Mississippi Legislature to ask for the pardon of Jefferson Davis, have not had an interview with the President, but have sent to him the resolutions of the Mississippi Legislature and will, to-morrow morning, call upon the President by appointment by letter.

Order No. 44, issued by General Grant in July last, directs district and post commanders to arrest all persons who may be charged with crimes and offenses against officers, agents, citizens and inhabitants of the United States, and to detain them in custody until the proper judicial tribunals are willing and ready to try them. This order, it has been ascertained on inquiry, has not been revoked by either the President or the Secretary of War, nor has General Grant, as has been stated, done so. It is said, however, that the General-in-Chief has issued a letter to General Sheridan advising that it be not strictly enforced, now that the Civil Rights Bill is in operation, and under its provisions the judicial tribunals are open to all complaints.

New Captain General of Cuba—France and Spain Support the Pope.

New York, November 13.—Havana advices say that Gen. Dulce, the new Captain General of Cuba, has issued his proclamation to the people and addressed circulars in regard to the absolute necessity there is for peace. He will be at once, and completely root out of the land by strictly and unreservedly carrying out the law to the very letter. It is said, also, that at a private interview with the French and Spanish Consuls, his Excellency was quite vehement in his protestations, and went so far as to assure both functionaries that he would devote all the energies of his administration to the speedy and total extinction of the abominable traffic.

The Berlin correspondence of the London *Times*, under date of October 25th, says: The Pope has been informed by the Emperor Napoleon that France will uphold his temporal power against all attacks, and occupy Rome in his name in case of rebellion or invasion. The bearer of this important message was Cardinal Reisach who lately passed a few weeks at the Tuileries and was commissioned by Emperor Napoleon to acquaint the Holy Father with his resolve.

The Spanish men-of-war are still at anchor off Leghorn, but not content with placing a number of men and guns at the disposal of the Pope, Queen Isabel has written again to tell His Holiness that nothing would give her greater pleasure than to be allowed to cede him one of her provinces, should her troops fail in maintaining his regal prerogative at Rome.

Louis Napoleon, who finds himself suddenly surrounded by friends, will eventually accept, cannot be foreseen.

Secretary McCullough's Report—Letter from Gerrit Smith—Shooting Stars.

New York, Nov. 13.—The *Express* says: The report of the Secretary of the Treasury will be looked for with interest. It is understood that the Secretary of the Treasury will ask Congress for legislation upon the resumption question, with a view to an early rather than a speedy resumption of specie payments. The redemption of legal currency at the rate of four millions a month will be difficult, but to accomplish this most desirable result, or to check that spirit of speculation which is the bane of the country. With four hundred millions of greenbacks out, the four millions a month is but as a drop in the bucket, nor can such a slow mode of reduction produce the least effect upon the national debt, forty millions, or so long as there are more legal tenders than national bank notes, the national banks have no motive to close up their business, and it is their withdrawal which is necessary for safety. These views, at least, we understand will be presented upon Congress assembling. Mr. McCulloch, he stated, that he was not ready for his trial.

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London, November 12—Evening.—The money market is firm; consols for money closed at 89¾; Erie Railroad shares, 39¾; Illinois Central, 78½; U. S. 5-20s, 69½.

Railroad Accident on the Buffalo and Erie Road—Five Persons Killed and Fifty Injured.

Erie, Pa., November 13.—The day express west, on the Buffalo and Erie Railroad, was thrown off the track near Girard station, nine miles east of this city, at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Some fifty persons were injured, and five killed. The killed are Dr. Wheeler, of Milwaukie, Wis.; Mr. Shaw, of Buffalo; a child, a man named Hunt, Danville, New York, and another named Harlin, whose residence is not known. The cause of the accident was a broken rail near Erie. Every comfort was afforded the wounded. The dead will be forwarded to their friends by the railroad company.

The accident was occasioned by the negligence of workmen engaged repairing the track.

Meeting of Shareholders of the Bank of Upper Canada.

Toronto, C. W., Nov. 13.—A meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Upper Canada took place to-day. The directors submitted a report to the shareholders, in which they say after mature consideration, and acting in accordance with the consent of Government, your directors have executed, under the seal of the bank, a deed of assignment, appointing the following gentlemen to wind up the affairs of the Bank, viz: Thomas C. Street, Peter Paterson, Robt. Cassels, Hugh C. Barwick and Peleg Howard. Your directors are of the opinion that, under careful and judicious management, a considerable surplus will ultimately remain for division among the shareholders after the whole liabilities of the bank have been paid.

Arrests Under the Civil Rights Bill—Kentucky Legislature—Death of W. B. Lewis.

Louisville, November 12.—The sales of cotton to-day were at 25 cent.

Edward Craigmile and John M. Connelly were arrested in Hardin county, some days since, under the Civil Rights bill by the Freedmen's Bureau, and turned over to the United States Court to-day and held in two thousand dollars each to answer at the next term of court at Nashville.

Fifty-six representatives, exactly a quorum, was present in the House. Four new members were afterward sworn in.

The House adjourned till to-morrow on account of the decease of W. B. Lewis, friend and associate of Andrew Jackson.

A quorum is expected to-morrow.

Professor Harris Elected President of the Bowdoin College—Gen. Chamberlain Resigned his Professorship.

Bacnawick, Me., November 13.—Professor Harris, of the Bangor Theological Seminary, was to-day elected President of the Bowdoin College by the unanimous vote of the Trustees and overseers.

General Chamberlain has resigned the office of Rhetoric and Oratory, in anticipation of his entering upon his duties of Governor of the State.

The Paper Collar Lawsuit—Decision.

Boston, November 13.—The suit in the United States Court, brought by the Union Paper Collar Company against Charles Well & Co. for the infringement on the latter's patent by selling unlicensed paper collars, has been decided, the defendants submitting to decree for a perpetual injunction.

The Meteoric Shower.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Boston, November 14—2 A. M.

The meteoric shower has commenced and the stars are falling rapidly. The display is very brilliant and the atmosphere is clear and favorable.

Fenian Meeting—Indications of the Meteoric Shower.

Philadelphia, November 13.—A meeting of the Fenian circles in this city was held this evening, for the purpose of choosing a committee to take charge of whatever funds and material of war may be hereafter contributed, and to secure proper headquarters. An address was delivered by Colonel Condon, of New York.

Up to eleven P. M. there are no indications of the anxiously expected meteoric shower. The weather is cool and clear. There was some display at sunset of a peculiar reddish appearance of sky, noticed just before the great meteoric shower of 1-33.

About 4 o'clock p. m. a peculiar light, similar to the tail of a comet, appeared above the eastern horizon, which attracted much attention. It lasted about ten minutes and then faded from sight.

The Baltimore Horse Fair.

Baltimore, Nov. 13.—The Horse Fair opened to-day at Herring Run. There was a fine attendance, including many ladies. The trial of speed to-day was for Maryland horses, and there were two entries, the first of six horses, which was won by Ned Forrest; time 2:36. The second entry was of three horses and was won by Sleepy Davy; time 2:37. Gen. Grant will be present at the fair to-morrow, on which occasion the famous horse Dexter will be brought out.

River and Weather at Louisville.

Louisville, November 14.—The river is falling, with six feet in the canal. The weather is clear and moderate.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON THIRD PAGE.)

The Authorities and the Press.

Since the incoming of the new proprietors of the Gazette they have earnestly striven to redeem its somewhat impaired character as a local paper. That they have succeeded in placing it among the first rank of local journals—if not ahead of all—we leave it to our readers to determine. But the authorities of the city, especially the police, take umbrage at our course of prematurely publishing items of vast importance to them, claiming that the Gazette thereby frustrates justice and gives warning to offenders that they may escape arrest. Certainly we have no such wish. As an any good citizen should have, for the law, and as honestly desire that offenders may not escape but be brought to justice, the Gazette, as a reporter, expected to do his full share of duty. We can do not otherwise than publish to the world every robbery, rape, arson, or villainy that which we may be informed. That the authorities know little of the honor of the journalist's profession, else they would make a clean confession of their dockets and endeavor to conceal no more than is possible of the guilt. Everybody knows we are connected with the press; everybody feels that we are human, and every body puts on button-holes and tells us anything of local importance he or she knows. If a robbery occurs there are a hundred persons in at once to tell the police all the facts and the police chambers in the world cannot place the seal of secrecy upon their tongues. There is a multitude of avenues for ascertaining facts and the virulant local could as well get his material for news outside of police and other authorities, as through them. If we are told of a crime that has been committed, and are requested to preserve for awhile silence on the subject, we invariably do so. On the other hand, if we learn of the failure to enforce law and information is given us by the proper authorities that nothing of the kind has happened, we take pleasure in publishing the facts. We will pursue the even course, and adopt no other. For instance, we know our duties, and knowing just what to say or not to say. Not under the authority of the mayors, aldermen, or police, we are independent, and will publish anything that comes before our ears, and we owe responsibility to the public at large and our employers. Hence, we trust we shall be no longer taken to task for premature publication of important items.

Sad Accident—A Man Accidentally Shoots Himself

A sad and probably fatal accident occurred yesterday morning at about ten o'clock, of which a well-known colored barber named John Grinnage was the victim. Mr. Grinnage is proprietor of a barber shop on the corner of Anderson street and River avenue, Allegheny. At the time mentioned he was alone in his shop, with the exception of a colored lad whom he had taken as an apprentice. Grinnage had in his possession a small pistol, which he was trifling with it, flourishing it about his head in a somewhat reckless manner, when the lad said he was afraid of the pistol, and springing up he saw that Grinnage had fallen to the floor. On going to him he discovered that the unfortunate man had received a ball from the pistol in the right side of the head, and was lying insensible with the pistol by his side. Dr. Busha was immediately summoned and in company with one or two other physicians made an examination of the wound. The ball had entered the right side of the head, just above the right ear, and the probe proved that it had taken a downward course, showing that the pistol had been held high at the time it was discharged. Dr. Busha, assisted by Dr. Thorn, in the presence of Dr. Hamilton, trephined the skull above the wound, having first removed some of the hair, and succeeded in the purpose of removing a portion of the skull. In one of the pieces so removed, a portion of the ball was found. The remaining portion had pierced the brain and could not be extracted. The probes of trephining relieved the brain of a considerable portion of extravasated blood and thereafter the patient breathed easier, and has since, to the present writing, improved. At half-past six o'clock last evening, however, he was still in a comatose state and the physicians stated that he could scarcely see a thousand to one chance of recovery.

Mr. Grinnage is a well known man and is very much esteemed by all his numerous patrons. No person of his acquaintance supposes for a moment that the unfortunate man intended to shoot himself, and the physicians in attendance have no doubt whatever, that the shooting was accidental. Grinnage is a man of the early and total extinction of the abominable traffic.

The Berlin correspondence of the London *Times*, under date of October 25th, says: The Pope has been informed by the Emperor Napoleon that France will uphold his temporal power against all attacks, and occupy Rome in his name in case of rebellion or invasion. The bearer of this important message was Cardinal Reisach who lately passed a few weeks at the Tuileries and was commissioned by Emperor Napoleon to acquaint the Holy Father with his resolve.

The Spanish men-of-war are still at anchor off Leghorn, but not content with placing a number of men and guns at the disposal of the Pope, Queen Isabel has written again to tell His Holiness that nothing would give her greater pleasure than to be allowed to cede him one of her provinces, should her troops fail in maintaining his regal prerogative at Rome.

Louis Napoleon, who finds himself suddenly surrounded by friends, will eventually accept, cannot be foreseen.

Secretary McCullough's Report—Letter from Gerrit Smith—Shooting Stars.

New York, Nov. 13.—The *Express* says: The report of the Secretary of the Treasury will be looked for with interest. It is understood that the Secretary of the Treasury will ask Congress for legislation upon the resumption question, with a view to an early rather than a speedy resumption of specie payments. The redemption of legal currency at the rate of four millions a month will be difficult, but to accomplish this most desirable result, or to check that spirit of speculation which is the bane of the country. With four hundred millions of greenbacks out, the four millions a month is but as a drop in the bucket, nor can such a slow mode of reduction produce the least effect upon the national debt, forty millions, or so long as there are more legal tenders than national bank notes, the national banks have no motive to close up their business, and it is their withdrawal which is necessary for safety. These views, at least, we understand will be presented upon Congress assembling. Mr. McCulloch, he stated, that he was not ready for his trial.

Mr. McKenzie—It is my intention, my Lord, to challenge the panel for challenge the array, but I am not prepared to go on with the case.

Hon. J. H. Came

The Pittsburgh Gazette

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1866.

HOW THEY FEEL.

The comments of leading Southern journals upon the late Northern elections may be accepted as indicating the impressions produced thereby on the bulk of the population of the revolted States. The feeling disclosed is not one of disappointment. After the October elections there was every reason to infer that public opinion through out the loyal States strongly inclined to the side of Congress as against the President and his Policy. However much Mr. JOHNSON may have been deceived by the assurances of THURLOW WEED and other men of like stamp that the Democrats would carry New York and this or that Northern State, Southern journalists do not appear to have indulged in any hallucinations. They calculated more correctly, that what these gentlemen attributed to special or local causes was the product of general causes, which would inevitably lead to like manifestations in all the other Northern States in which elections remained to be held. In this they are borne out by actual facts that have been developed and chronicled.

They now profess one resource of comfort and alleviation which will surely fail them. They estimate that what they term Radicalism—and there is no objection to the name so long as the thing signified is truly discriminated—has about run its course, and will presently disappear. It cannot be denied that certain phases of individual thought, and particular conditions of popular opinion are somewhat analagous to those bodily diseases which last for a definite period, and, if physical strength holds out, then disappear, leaving the recuperative energies to perform their normal functions in restoring perfect soundness. But whoever conceives of the republican movement as one of such, strangely mistakes in his diagnosis of the case. That movement is the result of an aggregation of elements, each most potent, and, in combination, not only unmatched, but indestructible. Now is not the time, and here we have not the space, to enter into an exhaustive analysis of those elements with the view of showing how each is produced, by what affinities they are drawn together, with what efficiency they exert their united, and what undying tenacity is inherent in them. It is sufficient to say that the doctrine and discipline of Liberty in all their ramifications, enter into this movement, which, consequently may be hindered or deflected, but cannot be suppressed or prevented from ultimately achieving the most brilliant and lasting victory. Nor is this all. The strongest possible sanctions of morality and religion, not only blend with the movement, but absolutely permeate it, etherializing its essence, and making it immortal.

It is true that in many portions of the North the accessions already made to the movement are so numerous as to make it almost universal. As much has been gained as can be without annihilating opposition. But in other portions, much remains to be done. Berks has yet to be made as Lancaster. Original differences of stock and differences of training have now left them far apart. But in the progress of events, those who now stand for caste and oppression will be brought practically to see and feel that God has made of one blood all the races of [illegible] and this transformation, with the earth. And this transformation, with all that accompanies and follows it, will be as absolute at the South as at the North. Herein is to be found the final solution of present troubles, and that solidarity which shall educe out of existing discordances, one people, co-operating heartily to all the ends which constitute national greatness and power.

THE Butler *American Citizen* returns to the question of instructions in a long article, in which it purposes to give the history of the Senatorial election of 1854, for the purpose of showing how, after a great victory to the Whigs in the election of Gov. POLLOCK, the popular wishes were defeated in the intrusion of Mr. CAMERON, and the consequent failure to elect a Senator.

The editor will have to revise his history a little. He is mistaken, we think, in supposing the Whig party to have had the ascendancy in the Legislature at that time, or to have made a caucus nomination of Mr. CAMERON. The support which that gentleman received was from the New *American or Know-Nothing Party*, which had developed so silently and suddenly into power, sweeping Democrats and Whigs alike into its ranks and carrying with it we believe, all the members from even this county excepting Mr. DARSIE, of the Senate. The old Whig organization, however, although greatly weakened by the defection, did not disband, but held its caucusses, and placed in nomination and voted persistently for Mr. WILLIAMS, of Allegheny—the same gentleman who now represents the *Citizen's* own district in Congress. Without their vote, however, the new party could not elect, and as a consequence, the Legislature adjourned without any choice of a Senator. If the Whigs had been in a majority they would, of course, have elected their candidate.

The case thus therefore, as one of the two within the recollection of the Editor, wherein "the party in the majority in the Legislature has been defeated by treachery in the election of a Senator," is nothing to the purpose because there were three parties then, and neither of them in the majority.

The other case is that of the nomination of CAMERON over WILMONT in 1863. But that is still less to the purpose if possible, because the Republican or Union party was not only *not* in a majority then, but the election resulted in the choice of, not of CAMERON, but of BUCKALEW. It cannot be said that in this result the majority was defeated, because the Democrats themselves were in the majority.

FLAKE'S Galveston *Bulletin*, contains a statement in a letter from a prominent citizen of Austin, Texas, that Gov. Throckmorton will soon call an extra session of the Legislature, on some pretext, in order that it may ratify the the Constitutional Amendment, and thus prepare the way to complete rehabilitation. Perhaps this is in response to a telegram from President Johnson to the Governor, dated Oct. 30th, in answer to one of the day before. In this the President said:

"I have nothing further to suggest than urging upon the Legislature to make all laws involving civil rights as complete as possible, so as to extend equal and exact justice to all persons, without regard to color, if it has not been done."

THE Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction for the City of New York are erecting on Blackwell's Island a new Hospital, exclusively for the cure and treatment of epileptic and paralytic diseases. Perhaps in no other particular does modern Civilization, under the influence of Christianity, contrast so strongly with the ancient, inspired by polytheism, that in this very matter of dealing with persons suffering from mental or physical diseases.

PACIFIC RAILROAD EXCURSION.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 9, 1866.

DEAR GAZETTE:—I arrived in this city yesterday, after the most interesting excursion I ever made. Most of our eastern company are still back in Kansas, probably in the region of Fort Ellsworth, eighty-five miles west of Fort Riley, on the Smoky Fork of the Kansas, and on the line of the Pacific Railway, eastern division. (Railway is the term—not Rail-*road*, as I believe I have heretofore given it.) Whether they will succeed in shooting some buffaloes is to be seen; but I feel that I acted judiciously in not traveling beyond the rails. So far as buffaloes are concerned, it is very likely that I had better success than they will have; for when I entered the car at Fort Riley, after taking leave of my excellent friends, and seeing them off, I fell in with Governor Lyon, of Idaho, and traveled with him down the valley of the Kansas. Before we parted he presented me with a magnificent buffalo tongue, which he cut from the animal's head and cured with his own hands. He took it from a lot of some half dozen which he was taking to his home on Staten Island, N. Y. I have rarely received a gift that I appreciated more highly. Gov. Lyon is a gentleman of great energy and intelligence; has traveled very extensively through the vast mountain region of the interior; is well acquainted with its wonderful mineral resources. In short, he gave me more information respecting that almost unknown region than I ever received from any other source. I inquired as to the main routes of travel from that territory to the Atlantic States. He said that he had traveled along the valley of the Shohonee (some times called Lewis' river) throughout its entire length, and that it is as favorable a route for a railroad as he had ever seen. Leaving that river near its sources on the western slope of the Rocky Mountains, the line would continue southward, a comparatively short distance, to Salt Lake City, where it unites with the Union Pacific road to San Francisco.

I said, "Governor, suppose you were now at Salt Lake, and wished to go to New York, what route would you take?" "This route, certainly; and that is the very thing I am now doing," was his emphatic reply. He has often traveled from Denver via the Smoky Hill and Kansas route to St. Louis, and knew the country well. The soil, he told me, is very rich all the way to Denver; but for some two hundred miles, owing to deficient rains, it will require more or less irrigation.

On our first excursion to Fort Riley we had Governor Gilpin, of Colorado, in the party. He is a brother of the late Henry D. Gilpin, of Philadelphia, who, it will be remembered, was District Attorney under General Jackson. I was acquainted with this remarkable man more than twenty years ago. He has spent the greater part of his life among the mountains, and, with the exception of Kit Carson, perhaps no man knows them better. His testimony perfectly coincides with that of Governor Lyon. By the way, both these gentlemen are decidedly opposed to "my policy;" and although Governor Gilpin is now governor of the *territory* of Colorado, he is governor elect, by a large majority, of the *State* of Colorado. His mountain life has given him a tinge of enthusiasm; yet he is, for the most part, singularly quiet, grave and retiring. I jeccsely remarked to Governor Lyon, when he was going on with his magnificent descriptions, that those mountains made men crazy. "Crazy!" he replied; "I am not crazy. It requires a sight of those grandest works of the Almighty to be found on this earth to set a man's pent-up faculties free." I believe it; and I believe that this road is about to open to the gaze and contemplation of the cultivated and Christian world scenery in comparison with which all that is to be found in Europe, or on our side of this continent, is tame.

My last was written from Jefferson City, where I stopt night before last. In that I gave my impressions of the State of Missouri west of that city. Jefferson City is located on the south bank of the Missouri river [illegible] broken by [illegible] though for the railroad. In other places there are extensive bottoms, all heavily timbered. But a sh all proportion of the land along the river is under cultivation, although it is surpassingly fertile. The tallest corn I ever saw I saw here. There are very many islands in the river, some of them containing thousands of acres, and still mor. numerous sand or mud bars, which shift at every flood. In some places the river is so wide that the trunks of large forest trees cannot be distinctly seen on the opposite bank. In other places the channel contracts to half a mile. The Missouri has features of grandeur, but none of beauty. It is quite low now, yet its turbid flood—of which I can give no Pennsylvanian no idea except to tell him to imagine water mixed with coal ashes—rolls on, restless, boiling and vast. Where is the supply of this strange, fine sandy mud, which ages cannot exhaust, nor the lowest water intermit?

Some seventy-five or eighty miles below Jefferson City the Missouri Pacific Railroad leaves the river, and runs diagonally across the country to this city. It runs through no prairie, but through a region very much resembling some parts of Pennsylvania. Part of it is rough and rocky, and decidedly mountainous in its character. For the last ten or twelve miles, as we approach this city, there are beautiful improvements. All the rough region, however, is good land, and admirably adopted to fruit and grape culture.

Of this city I shall not speak until I have seen more of it. This about closes the *narrative* of my expedition. The more difficult part of my work yet lies before me—to speak of this mighty region as a whole, and discuss its social and commercial relations with our own State, and with other places still more remote, by means of railways—those wondrous avenues through which many run to and fro, and knowledge is increased—that mighty agency by which MAN is enabled to yield obedience to the original mandate of his Creator—"Be fruitful and multiply, and replenish the earth, AND SUBDUE IT." C.

THE Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* states that a grave in Pine Hill Cemetery has been violated, and the body of a daughter to Col. W. H. Berens stolen. Col. Berens states that his daughter died suddenly of what was supposed to be disease of the heart, in October, 1865, and was interred in the cemetery. On Thursday of last week, Col. Berens concluded to remove his daughter's remains to a lot which he had purchased in the same cemetery. On removing the earth, the cover of the pine box which inclosed the coffin was found to be loose, and upon further examination, the sorrowful fact was revealed that the coffin had been broken open and the body stolen. The upper portion of the lid of the coffin, where it is attached with hinges, had been forced open, a piece of the side split off, and the body drawn out, after which the lid was replaced with apparent haste, and the gave made to assume its former appearance. Col. Berens feels confident that the outrage was perpetrated on the night of the day on which his daughter was buried, as the sodding which had caused to be placed upon the grave on the succeeding day has not since been disturbed.

—A bold attempt to swindle Mr. Jacob Leiby, a well known and extensive distiller of Harrisburg, was made a few days since by a couple of United States detectives. The rogues called at the residence of Mr. Leiby and in a grave manner informed him that certain descoveries of fraud had been made, and his entire establishment must be seized and closed. After they had retired, two well dressed gentlemen called and informed Mr. Leiby that they were responsible attorneys of Philadelphia and could get him out of the difficulty for $50,000 cash. The honest distiller demanded an immediate examination into the affair before proper authorities, which resulted in a complete refutation of the charge of dishonesty towards the Government. The detectives and lawyers hailed from Philadelphia. The game was sharp but did not win.

—A writer in the New York *Sun* gives some statistics of how the city is fed, which are very interesting. He estimates that there are 3,525,000 pounds of beef, 112,500 pounds of mutton, 72,000 of veal, and 3,420,000 pounds of pork purchased in Washington Market every week, costing an aggregate of $1,207,335. In March and April the consumption is less, owing to the abundant supply of fish, also in very hot weather. He estimates that there are 250,000 pints of milk used daily by the inhabitants of that city, 62,500 pounds of butter, and 43,000 ounces of cheese. The grand total paid for meat, milk, butter, and cheese, is $221,264.

Economy of Heat and Consumption of Smoke.

Among the recent and valuable inventions is the furnace of Mr. Liomens, of England, which has excited great interest in Great Britain, where the presumed dearth of mineral fuel has been regarded with apprehension. This invention, however, lays all such apprehensions at rest, for it literally economizes all the heat and all the fuel, and gives no smoke. It has a gas producer, standing apart, in which the coal approaches the fire-place by an inclined plane, where it is heated gradually and parts with all its volatile products, which pass through the fire.

But the fuel itself is slowly consumed; the carbonic acid—an incombustible gas—is converted into combustible carbonic oxide by passing through the thick layer of red-hot coal. Then below the grate a cistern of water gives off steam and each cubic foot of this steam, as it rises and passes through the fire, is decomposed into double that quantity of hydrogen and carbonic oxide, which, being inflammable, increases the temperature. The whole of the heat producers travel through the furnace and enter one of four chambers or regenerators, as Mr. Liemens calls them, which are built in the lower part of the structure. These four are used alternately; while one heats another cools, and the reverse. They intercept the heat, which otherwise would fly from the chimney in waste, and after passing through the gas and air reach the heating chamber, at nearly the heat of that chamber itself: a heat so intense that unless modified, it would fuse the furnace and everything exposed to its action. No smoke escapes; the heat in the chimney is seldom sufficient to singe wood; and the saving of fuel compared with an ordinary furnace is from forty to fifty per cent.

For glass houses, steel smelters, manufacturers of iron, and any trade or process that requires intense heat, the Liemens furnace is essentially suitable. As it economizes all the heat derivable from the combustion of the fuel—fifty or sixty per cent. of which is now lost—it is not likely to be superceded in our day. The yearly saving by means of this furnace is far more than its cost.

Mr. Liemens has lately established a steel melting furnace on his own account, at Birmingham, with perfect success. It heats fourteen melting pots and a muffle, each pot averaging forty-five pounds of mill steel. There are six casts every twenty-four hours, so that the daily production is 3,780 pounds. The gas producer is in use, and the consumption of small coal, at 6s. a ton, is 1¼ tons per day, or about 1½ cents only per ton of steel. To do the same work under the system of heating furnaces in Sheffield, 2½ tons of coke, at 23s. per ton, are required, the saving being thus upward of £4 per ton for fuel alone. This furnace is also in extensive use for reheating steel elsewhere.

—The Albany *Journal* and *Argus*, newspapers of opposite political opinions, are the joint owners of a cut of an enormous eagle, which eagle does duty as an appendage to one of the papers after each election. In 1862, the eagle screamed for Seymour in the *Argus*; but every year since it has spread its wings in the *Journal* for the Republican party. It makes its appearance, as usual, in the *Journal*, to celebrate this year's Republican victory in New York State; and is the best specimen of the kind we know of—always on the winning side.

—The doctors of Houston, Texas, recently made a raid among the ranks of the anti-vaccinators, whereupon the old City Sexton began to hustle around and get ready for a visit to the country. Most of the doctors went as appointed, but the next day the old sexton was at his business, as usual, when a friend inquired why he did not make his visit. "Well, said the old chap, "I thought I would go, but I heard that Mr. —— and Mr. W—— had left the town more had backed out of the excursion, and I knew it was of no use for me to try to get away."

—Rev. W. H. Harrison, pastor of the English Lutheran Church in Cincinnati, died on Saturday last, of cholera. He was particularly useful, not only as a minister, but as a guardian of the city's educational interests, having been for many years an active and very intelligent member of the School Board.

—The Chicago *Republican* learns that Messrs. Scott, Thompson, Ferry and other parties associated in the construction of the Kansas branch of the Union Pacific Railroad, have built 240 miles of that road. Of this 200 of the 250,000 due him as commissions in earlier negotiations of that enterprise.

Sold wholesale and retail in Pittsburgh, at FLEMING'S Drug and Patent Medicine depot, No. 81 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street. no12:MTW

A Beautiful Head of Hair!

"London" The great "Hair Color Restorer"
"London" restorer of "Hair Color Restorer"
"London" the graying "Hair Color Restorer"
"London" locks of "Hair Color Restorer"

1. It will restore gray hair to its original color.
2. It will make the hair grow on bald heads.
3. It will restore life to dormant roots of hair.
4. It will remove all dandruff and itchings.
5. It will make the hair moist, glossy and flexible.
6. It will preserve the original color for ages.
7. It will prevent the hair from falling off.
8. It will thicken and invigorate the hair.

Only 75 cents a bottle, six bottles for $4. Sold at DR. SWAYNE'S, 534 North sixth street, abov. Vine, and all leading druggists and dealers in toilet articles.

Sold by McLARAN & McKEEVAN, 83 Market street; DELAY & KAY, 69 Fifth street; and JOS. FLEMING, 81 Market street, Pittsburgh. BASE & DRUFF, Agents. au27:120MWF

THE LAWS OF HEALTH.—It is useless for State Legislatures to pass laws for the preservation of the public health, if the great law of self-preservation, which depends for its enforcement upon the will of the individual, is suffered to remain a dead letter.

There is scarcely an adult member of the community, of the whole country, who has not seen the testimony in favor of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, furnished over their own signatures by persons of acknowledged eminence in science, literature, arts, commerce, and every department of business and professional life. These witnesses have declared in the most explicit terms that the preparation is a safeguard against epidemics, a sovereign remedy for dyspepsia, a valuable anti-bilious medicine, a genial promoter of appetite, a tonic and harmless stimulant, a good sanitating medicine, a strengthener of the nerves, a general vivificant, a protection against the exhalations of malaria and impure water, and that it imparts a degree of vigor and activity to the vital processes which is not communicated by any of the tonics and stomachics in use. Under these circumstances, the most preservative law of nature should teach every rational person who, by reason of inherent debility or in consequence of exposure to unwholesome influences, is in peril of the greatest of all temporal misfortunes, the importance of using the BITTERS as a defensive medicine. Among the following cases, to give it a trial are simply their own enemies. It is of great need to cure indigestion in all its forms, and the bilious and nervous will find nothing in the whole range of official and proprietary medicines which will afford them the same relief.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

SMOKED SALMON & HALIBUT.—One case of each, freshly smoked

Salmon and Halibut,

Just received and for sale by the pound, at the Family Grocery store of JNO. A. BENSHAW, corner Liberty and Hand streets. no12

SHOE, HARNESS & CARRIAGE MAKERS should see the new

Grover & Baker No. 1 Sewing Machine

Before buying elsewhere. It is the best for their use. For sale at NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,

Pittsburgh White Lead Works,

PURE WHITE LEAD,

BLUE LEAD GROUND IN OIL FOR PAINTING OIL BARRELS.

No. 67 Fourth Street, Up Stairs. no12 MTW

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of JAS. A. FISHER & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, the business to be settled by JAMES A. FISHER, by whom all debts due the late firm will be paid. The business will be conducted by JAMES A. FISHER and WILLIAM BEGGS, who will continue the business at the old stand, under the name of

CHARLES F. GRAHAM & CO.

They will pay the debts of the late firm of FISHER, GRAHAM & CO., and are authorized to receive and receipt for debts due same firm.

JAMES A. FISHER,
CHARLES F. GRAHAM.
WM. K. McGINNESS.

ALLEGHENY CITY, Nov. 1, 1866. no6:nd5

NOTICE TO CONSUMERS OF WATER.—The repairs now in progress at the Water Works render it imperative that the supply should be observed in the use of water, the one engine now possible, of course, having a limited capacity. All unnecessary waste of water should be avoided, such as sprinkling streets, washing pavements, and filling bath tubs and closets to overflow. Any person of inherent debility or in consequence of exposure to unwholesome influences, is in peril of the greatest of all temporal misfortunes, the importance of using the BITTERS as a defensive medicine. Among the following cases, to give it a trial are simply their own enemies. It is of great need to cure indigestion in all its forms, and the bilious and nervous will find nothing in the whole range of official and proprietary medicines which will afford them the same relief.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

SMOKED SALMON & HALIBUT.—One case of each, freshly smoked

Salmon and Halibut,

Just received and for sale by the pound, at the Family Grocery store of JNO. A. BENSHAW, no12 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

SHOE, HARNESS & CARRIAGE MAKERS should see the new

Grover & Baker No. 1 Sewing Machine

Before buying elsewhere. It is the best for their use. For sale at NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,

Pittsburgh White Lead Works,

PURE WHITE LEAD,

BLUE LEAD GROUND IN OIL FOR PAINTING OIL BARRELS.

No. 67 Fourth Street, Up Stairs. no12 MTW

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CENTRAL SULPHITE OF LIME,

One bottle will preserve a barrel of Cider. One bottle will preserve a barrel of Cider. One bottle will preserve a barrel of Cider. One bottle will preserve a barrel of Cider.

Call and get the genuine article at Call and get the genuine article at Call and get the genuine article at Call and get the genuine article, at

FLEMING'S DRUG STORE.
FLEMING'S DRUG STORE.
FLEMING'S DRUG STORE.
FLEMING'S DRUG STORE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. Jones & Co.)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,
Foreign Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Coupons.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

TO LET.—The owner of the best

BUSINESS CORNER IN THIS CITY

Intends to build next spring. The stand is suitable for a bank or any other public institution. Parties wishing to secure such a stand will please address no14:o6 BOX 2097, PHILADELPHIA, P. O.

FITZPATRICK & BROTHER.

FIRST PREMIUM GOLD PEN MANUFACTURERS, 41 MARKET STREET, near Third street Pittsburgh.

PENS AND CASES, Wholesale and Retail.

PENS REPAIRED.

Persons out of the city having Pens to repair can send them by mail and promptly returned. no14:2

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD ANNUAL MEETING.—Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Co., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at their office, corner of Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, on the FIRST MONDAY, 3d day of December next, at 10½ o'clock A. M.

JNO H. PAGE, Jr.,
Secretary and Treasurer.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND

Fancy Cloakings,

For sale at Low Prices

BY

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street.

no14

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the grading and paving of Washington street. SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same.* That the Committe on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Washington street, from the Eastside of East Lane to the East side of North Street, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SECTION 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed on the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said street respectively, in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SECTION 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said street respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same; and failing to the provisions of the Act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the third day of March, 1857.

SECTION 4. That so much of the Ordinance as is inconsistent with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 12th day of October, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

JAMES McERIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: D. MACFERRON,
Clerk of Select Council.

C. W. BENNEY,
President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. no14

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE

Is the Ultima Thule of Mechanism. Please call and examine it at NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

ASSIGNEES' PEREMPTORY SALE OF

FURS! FURS! FURS!

AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, Nov. 14th, at 10 o'clock precisely, and continuing in the afternoon, at 2 o'clock, and will be sold peremptorily and without reserve, by order of G. Adams, Esq., Assignee, about

$2,000 WORTH OF FURS,

in small or single pieces, with privilege. The assortment consists of [illegible] Muffs, Victorines, Boas, Caperines, Mink Sets, French Sable, Sable Gloves, Mink Mittens, Squirrel, Ermine, Fitch, Hudson Bay, Siberian Capes, Victorines, Collars, Tippets, Muffs and Boas, Ladies' and Children's Furs.

Remember, this is a peremptory sale, as every piece offered will be sold and with the privilege of the purchaser.

TERMS—CASH. T. A. McCLELLAND, no12 Auctioneer.

THE PITTSBURGH EXPLORING AND DEVELOPING MINING COMPANY IN WESTERN VIRGINIA, JACKSON COUNTY.

Charter from the State of Virginia.

CAPITAL STOCK..... $300,000

Divided in 3,000 shares, for sale and subscription price $100 per share.

OFFICERS:

President—F. FISHER, Cathcart street, Birmingham.
Vice President—W. EICKHOFF, Jackson county, West Virginia.
Secretary—J. COOKE, Jackson Co., West Va.
Treasurer—W. CUNNINGHAM, do do do
Asst. Secretary—IGNATIUS BEKER, Carson street, East Birmingham.
Director—G. KENIG, Carson street, East Birmingham.

The company offers shares for sale, as described above. They are building a shaft, which needs to be 225 feet deep in order to reach the 30 per cent. silver ore, which spreads all through the 300 acres coming in two of the three tracts.

Shares may be secured with the President, or any other of the company, or shares will be sold by other parties who can be obtained.

no10: 75

BREWERS' NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, BREWERS OF PITTSBURGH, resolved, at their last meeting, that no Brewers' Drafts shall be made on the FIRST OF EVERY MONTH, commencing November 1st, 1865.

SPENCER & McKAY,
D. FAWCETT & CO.,
CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO.,
Z. WAINWRIGHT,
MICHAEL THIEKEN,
POLLOCK, KALTENHORN & CO

FRANKLIN COTTON WORKS,

E. HYDE'S SONS

Are now prepared to manufacture

COTTON YARN, CARPET CHAIN,

COVERLET YARN, CANDLEWICK,

TWINE, BATTINGS,

COTTON WARPS, &c., &c.

WEST CANAL STREET, between Robinson and Lacock, Allegheny City, Pa.

P. S.—All orders by mail attended to. no9 n69

GREAT REVOLUTION IN THE WINE TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.—PURE CALIFORNIA CHAMPAGNE, made and prepared as if done in France, from pure California grapes, and taking the place of Imported Champagne.

The undersigned would call the attention of Wine Dealers and Hotel Keepers to the above Wine, which may give a correct idea of the quality of their Wines:

"CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18th, 1865.

"MESSRS. BOUCHER & CO.—*Gentlemen*: Having given your California Champagne a thorough test, we take pleasure in saying that we think it the best American Wine we have ever used. We shall at once place it on our bill of fare. Yours truly,

J. E. KING-LEY & CO."

Call and try our California Champagne.
no12:n78 BOUCHER & CO., 36 Dey st., N. Y.

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!!

JAMES T. SAMPLE

HAVING BOUGHT THE WELL KNOWN DRUG HOUSE ON CORNER OF FEDERAL AND ROGERSON STS., ALLEGHENY,

Will keep on hand a full assortment of all kinds of

DRUGS,

And which will be sold cheaper than any other house in the two cities.

Prescriptions carefully prepared by a first class druggist.

All kinds of PERFUMERY and FANCY SOAPS on hand. oc30

LOTS! LOTS!—I can now offer Lots as low as $200, well located and in a pleasant place.

Also, Lots located on the Pike from $500 to 1,000
On Liberty street, from..... 700 to 1,000
On Hellefonte street, from..... 500 to 600
On Harris' street, from..... 500 to 600
In Liberty Township, adjoining the Borough lots, from..... 250 to 350
Also in Pitt Township, Lots from..... 150 to 350

The above lots will be sold on terms to suit purchasers. Also, some very desirable improved property, located in the Boroughs, Pitt Township, Allegheny City, Pittsburgh, and adjoining counties.

For terms, apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of

no12 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

J. C. BUFFUM..... J. W. BUFFUM

J. C. BUFFUM & CO., Manufacturers of Sarsaparilla, Lemon and Raspberry SODA WATERS.

Raspberry, Strawberry and Lemon Syrups; Bottlers of cider, Ales, Brown Stout, Lager Beer and Champagne Cider; Cider by the barrel, half barrel or keg. Nos. 93 and 94 MARKET ST., near Second, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Orders filled and shipped to all parts of the country on short notice. no6:eod-dawT.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PITTSBURGH, Nov. 12th, 1866.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12th inst., inclusive, for Rip-Rapping the Pier and one Abutment of the new Iron Bridge over Chartiers Creek, at Mansfield. Bids to be made at so much a perch.

By direction of the County Commissioners.

no13:dwT HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

GET NONE BUT A GROVER & BAKER

For a Holiday Gift. It is reliable, perfect and therefore the best. Don't fail to call and see that

NO. 18 FIFTH STREET.

$25,000 TO LOAN.

Persons desiring to borrow money on BOND AND MORTGAGE, For one, two or more years, will do well to call on GEORGE M. PETTY, no3 Real Estate Agent, No. 138 Clair street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

RECORDING REGISTRAR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, Nov. 13th, 1866.

Notice is hereby given that the assessments for the grading, Paving and Curbing of Watson street from Boyd to Chestnut street; Chestnut street, from Forbes to Gibson streets, and Gibson street, from Chestnut to Magee streets, in the Eighth Ward; and Franklin street, from Washington to Fulton streets, in the Sixth Ward, have been made and can be seen at this office until the 22d day of November, 1866, after which time they will be turned over to the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES REICHSTFARB, no13 Recording Registrar.

WHARF IMPROVEMENT.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, November 10th, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until FRIDAY, Nov. 9th, at 10 o'clock A. M., for making a Wharf from Sandusky street to Grant's alley, the filling to be of earth or to be of good material, and to be covered with rolling mill slag. The estimated quantities required are about 2,000 cubic yards of earth and about 2,500 cubic yards of slag. Separate bids (per cubic yard) will be received for the earth filling and slag.

Bidders are requested to state the price payable in cash; also the price payable in the bonds of the city, redeemable in twenty (20) years, with interest pay-ble semi-annually, at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum.

By direction of the Committee on Wharves and Landings.

no14:o2:7TS R. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.

PITTSBURGH GAS SAVING CO.,

Office, No. 2 Merchants' Hotel,

COR. THIRD AND SMITHFIELD STREETS.

OFFICERS:

JAMES I. BENNET, President.
ROBERT FINNEY, Vice President.
ROBT. CHRISTY, Sec'y and Treas'r.

DIRECTORS:

JAS. I. BENNETT, | W. W. PATRICK,
ROBT. FINNEY, | J. M'D. CROSSAN,
JOHN W. CHALFANT, | J. J. BIGLEY,
W. K. NIMICK.

Office Hours, 9, a. m, to 4 p. m., daily. no13:n90

SELLING OFF

CLOAKS

CLOAKS

AT COST,

To Close Out Business,

Together with a large stock of

LADIES' FURS.

GUNSENHAUSER & CO.,

No. 68 MARKET STREET. no13:lw

J. SHEPHARD,

STEAM CRACKER BAKER

AND CONFECTIONER,

No. 317 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of

PLAIN & FANCY CRACKERS,

AND

FRENCH CONFECTIONARIES.

5,000 BOXES

PURE SUGAR TOYS, FOR HOLIDAYS

Promptattention given to orders. no8:wwy

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET,

Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishment in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines of Every Description,
Boilers, Oil Tanks,
Sheet Iron Work,
Railroad Castings,
Rolling Mill Castings,
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings,
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

no9:n65

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the name and style of

EVANS, DALLAS & GILMORE,

SUCCESSORS TO

T. M. HARTON & CO.,

For the purpose of carrying on the

BOAT STORE

AND

SHIP CHANDLERY BUSINESS,

And Manufacturers of

Cordage, Packing, Yarns, &c.,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 90 Water Street.

W. S. EVANS,
JOHN E. DALLAS,
C. B. GILMORE.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 22d, 1866. oc23:n88

FIRST CLASS LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY.

J. LYONS,

No. 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh,

Keeps on hand and manufactures to order, the FINEST STYLES of GILT ROSEWOOD and WALNUT, OVAL and SQUARE MIRROR, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES, Curtain Cornices, Bands and Buttons, Consols, Tripod and Bracket Tables of exquisite design and workmanship. GILDING AND REGILDING executed in the highest style of the art.

42 PRICES MODERATE. no6:n81wwy

GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,

THE ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Checks, Show Cards, Maps, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., &c. Nos. 72 and 74 Third st., Pittsburgh. oc24:1y81

PITTSBURGH AND OAKLAND GREENHOUSES.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,

(Successors to John Murdoch, Jr.,)

NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS, Pittsburgh, Pa., beg to call attention to their extensive stock of FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, EVERGREENS, GRAPE VINES AND GREENHOUSE PLANTS.

Call for a Full Circular.

Pittsburgh and Oakland Passenger Cars run to the Greenhouses every 15 minutes. 1y81

GEORGE BEAVEN,

CANDY MANUFACTURER

And dealer in FOREIGN AND AMERICAN FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c., &c.,

No. 112 Federal Street,

Second door from the First National Bank, ALLEGHENY CITY. no14

**PAPER! PAPER!—PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c

FANCY

BUTTONS.

Another Invoice of

Dress and Sacque Buttons,

In New and Elegant Designs,

And in a great variety of colors. Full Ball and Half Ball

VELVET BUTTONS.

Crochet Buttons of all Colors,

RICH SACQUE AND DRESS ORNAMENTS.

AT REASONABLE PRICES,

AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street.

no11

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Point, Point Applique, and Valencia Lace Goods.

Laces and Edgings,
Insertings,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars and Sets,
Coiffeurs, &c., &c.

Together with a full and complete line of

EMBROIDERIES.

☞F. M. WILLIS, for the past six years with Eaton, Macrum & Co., having made an arrangement with the above, will be happy to see his old friends. no3

NEW FALL GOODS.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street,

Have just opened an extensive and splendid stock of

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
HIGH BONNET & TRIMMING RIBBON,
EMBROIDERIES of every description,
RICH AND ELEGANT LACE GOODS,
REAL LACES of all kinds,
REAL LACE TRIMMED GOODS,
LOCATION LACES—a splendid line,
NAINSOOK, SWISS, JACONET & MUSLIN;
LINEN LAWN & CAMBRIC, IRISH LINEN;
GLOVES—a new and attractive styles;
HOSIERY—a complete assortment;
LADIES' & CHILDRENS' MERINO VESTS and DRAWERS;
FANCY ZEPHYR ARTICLES—Splendid styles this season;
SCOTCH AND AMERICAN ZEPHYRS,
SHETLAND WOOL,
THE GENUINE CASHMERE YARNS—all colors
CLARK'S O. N. T. SPOOL COTTON of every No.
FANCY ARTICLES AND NOTIONS.

Merchants and Dealers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our present extensive stock before purchasing elsewhere. All our goods being purchased for cash on the best terms, we are prepared and will make a low prices as any Eastern Jobbing House.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

no19 19 FIFTH STREET.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED

BY

JOS. HORNE & CO.

Full assortment of

BONNETS AND HATS,

At the leading Fall Styles.

Millinery Goods.

Crapes and Frames, Paris Fancy and Colored Silk Velvets in most desirable shades; Plain Fancy Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, New and rich colors; Flowers, choicest French and American; Feathers, Fancy hat and tips;

EMBROIDERIES,

(Well assorted.)

Cambric, Hamburg, Swiss, Loone, Cluny, Valenciennes Edgings and Insertings; Flouncings, Bands and Beadings; Embroidered and Plain Linen Collars, Cuffs, Sets, Laces and Lace Goods

Dress and Cloak Trimmings and Ornaments; Ball Fringe, Gimps and Braids;

Dress Trimmings, Rugie Frames,

WHITE GOODS:

A most complete stock of Jaconets, Cambrics, Muslin, &c.;

Handkerchiefs, Plain Lace, Hem-stitched, Hemmed, Embroidered, Initial Bordered, etc., etc.

Hosiery and Gloves in every variety and all sizes. Ladies' and Gent's Underwear.

Furnishing Goods:

Suspenders and Neck-Ties; Heavy Shirts and Drawers; Duplex, Bon-Ton and IXL Hoop Skirts; Corsets, Hair Puffs, Nets, Union and Silk Belting, Buttons—the latest novelties, all kinds.

Yarns—Greatest variety, Cashmere, Lambs Wool and Knitting, in the various mixtures, plain colors and random.

Gent's Paper Collars, and everything in the Notion line.

Prices as low as Eastern Jobbing Houses.

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.

au21

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 Wood St.,

Third house above Diamon Alley.) PITTSBURGH, PA.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. A. ROBINSON & CO.,

61 *Market Street.*

Have just received a large and well selected stock o

Men's French Calf, Kip and Water-Proof Boots,

Ladies', Misses', Boy's, Youths' and Childrens'

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, BALMORALS, AND BETTON

GAITERS

Of All the Latest Styles,

MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY

FOR THE RETAIL TRADE.

oct30

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. WILHELM,

No. 38 Market St., Pittsburgh,

Has just received a very large stock of all kinds of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which he is prepared to sell cheaper than the cheapest in the city. Also, takes orders for his OWN MAKE OF BOOTS AND SHOES, which he warrants to give satisfaction.

REMEMBER, J. WILHELM,
oct30:nwS2 No. 38 Market street.

W. K. McCLINTOCK,

92 Federal St., Allegheny,

Has just received the largest and best selected stock of

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Balmorals, Slippers and Gums,

Ever brought to this market.

GIVE HIM A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING.

REMEMBER,

McCLINTOCK'S

Boot and Shoe Emporium,

92 Federal street, Allegheny City.

oct24

A LARGE AND FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

SUMMER BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS

And Balmorals,

Just received, and will be sold at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, either Wholesale or Retail.

GIVE US A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

J. H. & W. C. BORLAND,

No. 92 Market street, 2d door from Fifth St.

my19

COOPER FIELDING ..... JOHN FIELDING.

C. FIELDING & BRO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Custom Made

BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS,

No. 140 Ohio St., Allegheny.

Repairing promptly executed on the shortest notice. le7:dtf52

NOTICE.

I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD MY ENTIRE INTEREST IN THE STANDARD PETROLEUM REFINERY and in firm of CLARK & SUMNER, to Col. ELI K. CLARK, of. bat firm.

HERBERT W. C. TWEEDALE.

October 29th, 1866. no7:nd2

35 BOXES MOTTLED CASTILE

SOAP, genuine, received and for sale by

GEO. A. KELLY & CO.,

oct4 Wholesale Druggists, 27 Wood street.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON FIRST PAGE.)

The Suffering Freedmen.

The Ladies' Freedmen's Relief Society of Pittsburgh and Allegheny held its first annual meeting in Dr. J. B. Clark's church, Allegheny on Monday, November 11, at 2½ o'clock p. m. Dr. J. W. Clark presided, and read the annual reports of the Secretary and Treasurer. The results of the year's operations were most encouraging. Clothing has been furnished to hundreds of destitute freedmen in different parts of the south. Especially have these ladies done much for the Orphans Home at Nashville. A Board of Managers was appointed for the ensuing year, and very earnest addresses were made by Rev. M. Scovell and F. R. Brunot, Esq. A letter recently received from Mr. Mitchell, Superintendent of the Freedmen's Schools at Nashville, makes it apparent that much should be done immediately for the physical relief of those who have been scourged with cholera. He says "by reason of cholera, many widows have been left destitute and families deprived of support. There is a general stagnation of business, and suffering and want during the coming winter are inevitable. Money is needed to buy medicines and many things which the sick must have. The Bureau has closed its drug store, and if assistance is not obtained hundreds of these people must die. Will not our friends in the North respond to his cry for help?"

Surely this loyal community will furnish something at once to meet this demand. God has kindly preserved us from the pestilence and crowned the year with plenty. Let every Christian go to work and raise supplies of clothing and money for the destitute. "He that giveth to the poor, lendeth to the Lord," and he will repay him again. Anything addressed to the Rev. J. S Travelli, 37 Fifth street, will be promptly forwarded, and it is earnestly hoped that the Ladies Society, which seems so much in earnest will be liberally supported this winter. BROTHER JOHN.

Frightful and Fatal Accident—Two Men Killed.

A sad accident occurred on Friday last, about half past one o'clock, P. M., at the Merchants Mill of Mr. Caleb Brinton, at Chadds' Ford, on the Brandywine, about seven miles south of West Chester. A portion of the brick wall fell to the ground, above the third floor, letting down several thousand bushels of wheat which were stored in the garners. The wall was of brick twenty-two inches thick. At the time the walls fell, three men were engaged in unloading a car of wheat which had just arrived. Two were in the car and one between the car and the mill. So sudden was the fall that no time was left for the men to escape, and two of them were crushed under the immense weight, and evidently killed instantaneously. The other was crowded to the earth beneath the car and the mill, and escaped death almost miraculously, by the superhuman efforts of the workmen and neighbors who went to the rescue. The names of the two former were John Daley and David Yearsley Cooper, and the name of the latter Lewis Kipe, son of William Kipe, of Chadds' Ford. Tiers were seven men employed at the mill at the time.

Supreme Court.

This Court opened yesterday morning at half past nine o'clock. Present, Justices Thompson, Strong, Read and Agnew.

Boyd vs. Negley, et. al. D. C. Argued by Acheson and Woods for plaintiff in error, and by Brown, contra.

Kurtz vs. McKnight, et. al. D. C. Submitted. Boetheu for plaintiff in error, and Burgwin, contra.

Holmes' appeal. O. C. Argued by Shires and A. H. Miller for appellant, and Burgwin, contra.

Oakland Passenger Railway Company vs. Keenan. C. P. Argued by White for plaintiff in error, and Case, contra.

City of Pittsburgh vs. Cassidy. D. C. Submitted by White and Siagle for plaintiff in error, and by Kirker, contra.

Craig's appeal. C. P. Argued by Hamilton and Acheson for appellant, and by Woodward, contra.

On motion of C. S. Ambrose, Esq., M. O'Hara was qualified and admitted to practice in this Court.

Myers vs. Cupps. C. P. Judgment of *Non prosequi.*

Allegheny County vs. Evans. D. C. Submitted. Carnahan for plaintiff in error, and Howard, contra.

Mellon vs. Cochran. D. C. Argued by Geyer for plaintiff in error, and by Hasbrouck, contra.

Court adjourned until this morning.

A Bold Scamp Outwitted.

Last Friday evening, about seven o'clock, a man entered the house of Mrs. Grier, West Chester. There was no one about the house, but Mrs. Grier's daughter, Mrs. Jesse James, and she was up stairs. Hearing some one enter the house, she went down, and found a man standing in the kitchen, who asked for something to eat. Not liking the man's looks, she informed him that she had no light to go into the cellar, but that she got him anything. He then asked for a shirt. On pretence of getting him a shirt, she went upstairs and gathered up a gold watch, a chain, $60 in money, &c., and hid them. She then went down, and told him she could not find a shirt, but if he would come around in the morning she would give him one. Not satisfied with this, he said he would go up stairs and look for himself, and if she made any noise he would shoot her. As soon as he had gone up, Mrs. James ran to the neighbors, and getting assistance, quickly returned to the house, but the scamp after overhauling a bureau, &c., had decamped. It is supposed that he saw Mrs. Grier and her sister leaving the house, as they went out just before he entered, and thinking no one else was about the house, he would have a fine opportunity for stealing.

Highway Robbery

The Delaware County *Republican* of Saturday says: On Monday night last, about nine o'clock, as Mr. Perkins, who keeps store at Leiperville, was returning from a collecting tour in the townships of Concord and Birmingham, while coming down the Claymont road, about a mile and a half above Claymont, he was met by three men who approached him from behind, and without a word of warning snatched him from his seat in the wagon, and proceeded at once to relieve him of a pocket book containing his money, amounting to nine hundred and seventy-five dollars. One of the villians held one of his arms with one hand, while he put the other over his mouth to prevent him from giving any alarm; another tore open his vest, and took his pocket book, while a third held his horses. One of them remarked that he was not the man they were looking for, which was replied to by another: "Never mind, we'll go through him." Mr. Perkins thinks they were white men, although disguised by masks. After getting the money, they went into the woods and no trace of them have since been discovered. Mr. P. had another wallet in his possession, which the thieves did not get. We have seldom recorded a bolder highway robbery in our midst than the one given above.

Larceny of $25 25.

Michael McSteen appeared before Alderman Lynch, yesterday, and instituted suit against James C. Conner for the larceny of $25.50 from the trunk of the prosecuter in the boarding house of Mrs. Reilley, in the Third ward. It appears McSteen and Conner occupied the same chamber although sleeping in different beds. Yesterday morning Michael missed the key of his trunk, which he had left in his pantaloons pocket, and hastening back to his bedroom he found it laying along side of the trunk which had been opened and the money taken from a wallet filled with receipts and letters. His suspicions resting on his room mate he made out an info. as stated. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Conner.

Common Pleas.

Yesterday morning, at half past nine o'clock, Court opened, Judge Stowe on the bench. The first case heard was that of the Commonwealth for use of Directors of the Poor vs. Wm. Enstein. Action to recover amount of fine for selling liquor without a license. Verdict for plaintiff for the sum of $50, the whole amount claimed.

Commonwealth for use of Hurd's heirs vs. Wm. A. and Chas. Anderson. Action to recover the amount of a bond given as security for faithful performance of duty as executors by W. A. Anderson for Charles Anderson.

The jury in the case had not returned their verdict at the time of adjournment.

A Customer Roughly Handled.

C. J. Croner appeared before Alderman Strain, yesterday, and made oath against Louis A. Kaufman for felonious assault and battery. Kaufman is the *hote* of a tavern called the Golden Sun, No. 668 Penn street, where Croner frequently visits to imbibe some of the exhilarating fluids sold by Louis. During one of his visits, on Monday evening, a fight ensued and Croner alleges that Kaufman struck him in the face, knocking him down, kicking him and otherwise maltreating him. Kaufman was arrested and held in $500 bail to answer at court.

Aggravated Assault and Battery.

Anderson Powell, who has figured considerably in the police reports of late, was arrested and brought before Alderman Humbert, yesterday, charged with aggravated assault and battery, on oath of Margaret Halloway, who, in her information alleges that Andrew struck her with a smoothing iron in the back, injuring her so severely, that she was forced to retire to bed, being unable to use her feet for three days. The dangerous Anderson was arrested, and after a hearing was forced to furnish bail in the sum of $500 for his appearance at the December term of the Criminal Court, to answer the charge.

Painful Accident.—Yesterday morning a laborer named Dugan, residing on Webster street, in the sixth ward, met with a painful accident on Duquesne way, resulting in the almost total crushing of his right foot. He was assisting to unload a large casting on board a flat boat lying in the Allegheny river, when one of the planks upon which it was being rolled broke, and the casting overturned and fell on his foot, crushing it as stated above. He was carried to his home and medical aid summoned. It is feared that it will be necessary to amputate the foot.

The Bell Ringers.—The Spauldings and the Swiss Bell Ringers do not monopolize all the bell ringing talent. Yesterday we saw an Italian musician on Smithfield street who had established an improvement on the hand organ. He had stretched a stap from one tripod to another, and to this straps were attached dinner and tea bells of different sizes. These bells the operator struck one after another, producing music that was "not so bad."

Convalescent.—Samuel Shirley, the young man injured at the fire on Sunday evening, is still in a painful condition, although his convalescence is looked upon as certain.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.

The Arrest of Ortega—The Surrender of Matamoras—The Abdication of Maximilian—Bazaine will Declare Himself Dictator.

NEW YORK, November 13.—The *Herald's* Brownsville special gives the following particulars of the arrest of Ortega. The steamship St. Marys, from New Orleans, arrived at Brazos Santiago, on the afternoon of the 3rd inst., having on board General J. G. Ortega and his suite. Immediately on their arrival they were arrested by the commanding officer at Brazos, but will be permitted to return to New Orleans, should they so desire. Upon being informed of his arrest General Ortega simply demanded a copy of the order, and submitted with dignity. A courier from some party in Mexico found in consultation with Ortega after the boat landed has also been arrested.

The *Herald's* City of Mexico correspondent says: Maximilian's abdication was unknown until he was almost ready to start. On the road he met General Castleman, but only made a passing salute, and would not admit of a conference. Later it was thought he would return to the capital, but that cool Marshal Bazaine had intended to send him under guard to Vera Cruz.

General Castleman was being treated very cavalierly by Bazaine, who is busy making new contracts for army supplies, and for a length of time which does not look to a speedy departure of the troops. Almonte as Maximilian is known to have left the country, Bazaine will declare himself dictator.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: The best posted parties in Washington are of the opinion that the present negotiations will terminate in the United States establishing a protectorate over the Mexican territory.

From New Orleans.

NEW YORK, November 13.—The *Tribune's* New Orleans special says: In view of the fact that a statement is going the rounds of the press to the effect that the President and Secretary of War deny having instructed General Sheridan not to make any arrests under General Grant's order No. 14, dated July 6th, it is but proper to state that that order, together with General Order No. 3, have both been officially revoked by instructions received through General Grant's headquarters.

Half a dozen murders of Italian soldiers have recently been committed in the parish of St. Laundry. The facts were officially brought to the notice of General Sheridan by Governor Wells, but in consequence of the revoking of the orders above alluded to, nothing can be done. There is no longer any protection for Italians here, and the South, with the show of continuing martial law is now simply a farce.

Settlement of the Northwestern Boundary.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Mr. Rose, of Montreal, who is the coadjutor of Judge Johnson, of Albany, on the commission to arrange all questionities arising under the settlement of the northwestern boundary between the United States and Great Britain, arrived here this evening, and is stopping at Willard's Hotel. The King of Sardinia was suggested as the umpire of the Commission, but the British Government waived any right in that relation, and Judge B. R. Curtis, of Massachusetts, was selected. The interests of the Hudson Bay Company are involved in the decision of the Commission.

Illinois Democracy for Universal Suffrage.

WASHINGTON, November 13.—One of the morning papers here has a special telegram from Chicago, announcing that the Democracy of that State have declared for universal suffrage through the columns of their principal organ, and call upon all their adherents in the late elections to organize under their new banner.

Daniel Newman has been appointed Assessor of the Eleventh District of Pennsylvania

The Jumel Will Case.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Under the decision of the Jumel will case it is understood that $50,000 is to be paid by Mr. Nelson Chase, of which $10,000 goes to the Rev. J. Howard Smith, $10,000 to the church in Lansingburgh, and various religious and charitable societies are to get the sums respectively assigned to them in the will, and the balance is divided among the lawyers. The lots at 14th and Eighth avenue and the estate passes into the possession of Mr. Chase.

Indian Captives Released.

NEW YORK, November 13.—The *Tribune's* Leavenworth dispatch says: Five women and children, taken captive by the Kiowa Indians, were delivered to Col. Leavenworth at Fort Leramie, last Monday.

Official Vote of Delaware.

NEW YORK, November 13.—The official vote of Delaware, for Governor, gives Saulsbury, Democrat, 8,292; majority, for Congress, Nicholson, Democrat, 1,260.

MEETING NOTICES.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE FEDERAL OIL COMPANY are requested to meet on FRIDAY, 16th inst., at 7½ P. M., at the OFFICE OF THE FRUIT HOUSE, corner of St. Clair street and Commercial alley, to get their accounts for assessing the property and liabilities of the company in which all are interested, will be brought before the meeting for action. By order of the Board.

no16:3t*d A. B. MILES, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the

PAXTON PATROLEUM COMPANY

Will be held at the office of ROB-NSON, McLEAN & CO., No. 75 Fourth street, on TUESDAY, Nov. 20th at 3 o'clock P. M., for the following purposes, viz:

1st. To elect seven Directors to serve the ensuing year, and any other business that may come before the meeting.

By order of the Board.

J. L. MARSHALL, Secretary.

OFFICE CITIZENS' PASSENGER RAILWAY CO., PITTSBURGH, Nov. 1st, 1866.

THE EIGHTH ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the

CITIZENS' PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY of the City of Pittsburgh, will be held at JACOB HUBLEY'S, No. 27 Fourth street,

ON MONDAY, NOVEMBER 19TH, 1866,

At 7 o'clock P. M., at which time and place a Board of Directors will be elected for the ensuing year, and such other business transacted as may come before the meeting.

D. P. CORWIN,
no13:13 Secretary.

OFFICE JONES' FERRY COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, Nov. 1st, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the JONES' FERRY COMPANY will be held on MONDAY, November 19th, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of JOHN McCUNE & BRO., No. 68 Water street, at which time and place Directors will be elected, and other necessary business transacted.

WM. M. HUSTON, Secretary.
no13:d5

OFFICE EUREKA INSURANCE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, Nov. 1st, 1866.

AN ELECTION

FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS OF THIS CO., To serve for the ensuing year, will be held at its office, in Bagley's Building, Water street, on TUESDAY, November 13th, 1866, between the hours of 10 A. M., and 1 P. M.

no1:d7 ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, November 1st, 1866.

AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office, No. 92 Water street, on TUESDAY, the 13th day of November next, between the hours of 9 A. M., and 2 P. M.

WM. P. HERBERT,
no2:td Secretary.

PITTSBURGH & BIRMINGHAM PASS'R R. CO., PITTSBURGH, Nov. 6th, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH & BIRMINGHAM PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 85 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, November 19th, at 2 o'clock P. M., at which time and place Directors will be elected, and other business transacted.

W. K. NIMICK, Secretary.
no6:3d no11:td

OFFICE OF THE OAKLAND RAILWAY COMPANY.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Oakland Railway Company, for the election of nine Directors for Pitt Township, on MONDAY, November 19th, 1866, at 3 o'clock P. M., at which time and place Wm. and C. Directors will be elected for the ensuing year, and such other business transacted as may come before the meeting.

no7:n352 F. DEHAAN, Secretary.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the KEYSTONE SAVINGS BANK, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at their office, No. 89 Market street, on MONDAY, Nov. 19th inst., between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock M.

no6:n39:3TTS J. W. CARNAHAN, Secretary.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

THE BRADBURY NEW YORK,

AS

Schomacker & Co., Philadelphia

PIANOS.

The Estey & Co. Cottage Organ,

AND

AMERICAN ORGAN.

Acknowledged by the best musical talent in the United States to be superior to all others in power, purity and quality of tone, and thorough workmanship.

These instruments have for years taken the first premium over all competitors, at the various State and County Fairs. In prices they are lower than any others. All warranted for five years.

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KNABE & CO.'S GREAT

UNRIVALLED PIANO FORTES.

PRINCE & CO.'S world-renowned AUTOMATIC ORGANS AND MELODEONS. Over Forty Thousand now in use. Splendid new stock just rec'd by CHARLOTTE BLUME, 67 Fifth street.

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Plain and Ornamental Signs of every description done to order. All work done promptly at reasonable rates. Jel6:d67

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(Late of the firm of BROWN & MORROW.)

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

North-east corner of Third and Market streets.

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THE QUEEN OF

HAIR RESTORERS!

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER is QUEEN, not only in NAME, but in VIRTUES.

Is the Best Hair Restorer ever offered to the Public.

An Infallible RESTORER and PRESERVER of the Hair if faithfully applied.

It is no Hair Dye.

It acts directly upon the roots of the hair changing grey hair to its original life color; arresting premature decay and falling out of the hair; eradicating scurf and dandruff; and curing all humors of the scalp.

It will change dry and wiry hair to soft and luxuriant tresses.

It imparts a delightful fragrance to the hair.

In short, if you wish to restore your hair, as in youth, and retain it through life use

MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER.

Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

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Wholesale Agents.

my30:d92

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
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A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume, distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by

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ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER

☞ GLAD NEWS FOR THE UNFORTUNATE.

SELL'S SPECIFIC REMEDIES

Are warranted to be the speedy and permanent cure of all diseases arising from sexual excesses or YOUTHFUL INDISCRETION. Seminal Loss, Night Emissions and Sexual Dreams, Genital, Physical and Nervous Debility, Impotence, Barrenness, Sexual Diseases, &c., &c. NO CHANGE OF DIET FOR SELL'S REMEDY. They can be used without detection, and never fail to effect a cure, if used according to instructions.

SELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS,

Price one dollar per box, or six boxes for five dollars; also, large boxes, containing four times the quantity, $5.

From four to six boxes are generally required to cure ordinary cases of Seminal Weakness and Emissions, though benefit is derived from using a single box.

In Chronic Cases, and particularly when Impotence or Genital Debility with Nervous Prostration has affected the system,

SELL'S TONIC PILLS

Are recommended as the most efficacious rejuvinating and invigorating remedy in the world.

A package, price five dollars, will last a month, and is generally sufficient.

In extreme cases of Debility and Impotence,

Sell's External Remedy,

Price two dollars, sufficient for a month, can be used to good advantage.

It gives strength to the organs, and with the Pills will restore them to their normal condition.

CAUTION.—The above Remedies have now been before the public many years, and their great success in the alleviation of human misery, has excited the cupidity of several parties, who use the name "Specific Pills," copy my labels, circulars and advertisements, sometimes word for word, and put up worthless compounds that disappoint the just expectations of the purchaser.

If you cannot purchase Sell's Specific Remedies of your Druggist, take no other, but send the money direct to

DR. JAMES BRYAN,

Consulting Physician,

No. 819 Broadway, New York.

And you will receive them, by return of mail, post paid, and free from observation.

JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist,

Corner of Market and Diamond, Agent,

aug8:12tr:ws&wT Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ TO LADIES.—If you require a reliable remedy to restore you, and remove irregularities or obstructions, WHY NOT USE HOLLOWAY'S PILLS, which justly known the slightest inaccuracy of nature is likely to bring on Headache, Low Spirits, Fainting, Hysterics, &c.; soon the blood becomes impure, the appetite fails, and other symptoms more distressing commence, as Weakness, Spinal Complaint, the Whites, Prolapsus, &c. &c. ANYONE CAN BE THEIR OWN PHYSICIAN, as full directions for using these Pills will be found in DR. HARVEY'S FEMALE PILLS. The experience of 40 years has proved they are the only safe remedy ever discovered for irregularities, no matter from what cause they arise. Full directions in every case. Upwards of 50,000 boxes are sold annually. Any accompaniment to their efficacy is never heard, for they accomplish what they are represented to do. Sold in boxes containing sixty pills. Price one dollar.

DR. HARVEY'S GOLDEN PILLS is a remedy for those who from the indiscretion of youth, have injured the constitution, and intended for special cases of long standing. Price five dollars per box.

If you cannot purchase the Pills at your druggist, they will be sent by mail, post paid, secure from observation, on receipt of the price. Address DR. JAMES BRYAN, Consulting Physician, No. 819 Broadway, New York.

JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist, corner Market and Diamond, Agt for Pittsburgh. aug8:12tr:ws&w

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SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Also, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Distillers Pans, Smoke Stacks, &c., &c. Also, sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice. jelv:d41

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COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS.

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PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, importers and dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, &c., &c., constantly on hand. Tinners' Machines and Tools, Rivets and Nails. Warehouse and sole agents for the Pittsburgh, Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. myl4:d3m&wT

☞ PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS.

BURBARD, RBO. & CO., Manufacturers of Solid Cast Steel ROUND GANG SAWS, of CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description, Mill, Hand, Cross-cut, and other varieties.

Also, all kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS made from Cast Steel. Extra refined BREAPER and MOWING KNIVES, &c.

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Also, Agents for Hussey's Patent Cast Steel Reaping and Straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. my14:d3m

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☞ ALL NAUSEOUS MEDICINES taken without taste or smell, by using DUNBAR, Dick & Co.'s SOLUBLE PILLS. The best in use. Sold by Druggists generally. no9:om

COAL, COKE, &c.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

IMPORTANT TO CONSUMERS.

HUMMEL & RABER

Call the attention of the public to their fine stock of COAL just received, including the following varieties:

Lump, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and Chestnut,
Run of Valley, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and Chestnut,

All of which they are prepared to deliver at the LOWEST RATES, by the single ton, car load, boat load or thousand tons.

All orders promptly attended to.

Office: 102 Chestnut street, near the Depot, HARRISBURG, PA.

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DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

No. 667 Liberty Street.

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR,

Are now prepared to furnish good Youghiogheny LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK,

At the lowest Market price.

☞ All orders left at the office, or addressed to the Yard through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

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Coal, Slack, and Desulphurized Coke,

OFFICE AND YARD,

Corner of Redfern and Water streets, first yard on Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward, and on Second street, near Lock No. 7, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Families and Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates. Orders left at any of the yards will receive prompt attention.

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WILLIAMS & COWAN,

PLASTIC SLATE CEMENT ROOFERS.

They keep on hand a large supply of Roofing Materials, Slate Cement, Felt, Roofing Paints and Varnishes. Prompt attention given to the leading business. Offices, No. 231 Penn street, and National Hotel building, Pittsburgh, Pa. oct7:d67

UNDERCLOTHING, JACKETS,

CASSIMERES, PLANNELS;

BLANKETS—all sizes and colors;

FURS, FURS, FURS.

Popular stock at popular prices.

A. LEGGATE,

no7 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of about 58 acres in Union Township, Allegheny county, Pa., situate about four miles from and fronting on the Washington Pike. The improvements are a large two-story brick dwelling house, with 10 rooms, a two-story Spring House, a Carriage House, a Lumber Room, a No. 1 Frame Bank Barn, with stabling sufficient for 30 horses, and all other buildings. There is a fine young orchard, containing about 11 acres, stocked with the best varieties of fruit trees. It is all underlaid with coal. The land is in a high state of cultivation, well watered, fenced good, and would sell, admirably for dairy or gardening purposes.

Also, 17¾ acres adjoining the above, with a good Frame House, Carriage House, good bearing fruit and other out-buildings, all in good tenantable and fine bearing condition. This piece is also all underlaid with coal.

Also, 12 acres adjoining the above, unimproved, for sale low. This piece is also all underlaid with coal.

The above three pieces of property lie between the Little Saw Mill Run and Robinson Mills roads, and the coal can be hauled to either road from them. The coal alone is worth all that is asked for the entire property.

Also Farm of 17¾ acres, situate in St. Clair township. We throw land out in the line of the Penna Railroad. The improvements are a two-story Frame House, with seven rooms, a good cellar, a Frame Bank Barn, with stabling for eight head of cattle, and all other out-building. A Young Apple Orchard; 10 acres cleared, balance in good timber fencing generally good, well watered; convenient to school houses, churches, mills, churches, mills, schools and blacksmith shops, together with the personal property such as stock, implements, grain in the ground, &c., will be sold or given immediately.

Also, Farm of 53 acres, situated in Chartiers township, Allegheny county, Pa., about 2½ miles from the city, near the line of the St. Obenville R. R., and within one mile of a station. About 30 acres of the best of creek bottom land, and in a high state of cultivation; 23 acres of wood land and pasture. The fencing is generally good. The soil is such as is well adapted for gardening. The attention of those wishing to embark in the business will call at once and secure a good bargain. Is only 6 miles from Allegheny City.

Also, Farm of 84 acres, situate in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Monongahela river, about one mile from the village of Elizabeth. The soil is of the best quality. The improvements are a farm house with 10 rooms, a good barn and other out buildings; fencing good, about 50 acres of coal. Churches, schools and mills very convenient. Possession immediately.

Also, the best Farm in Elizabeth township, containing about 90 acres, lying on the Monongahela river immediately below Lock No. 3, on which is erected a large two-story brick dwelling, one log and one frame barn; barn, corn crib, wagon shed, brick spring house, granary, &c., &c. About 30 acres of the above is first on the river bottom; the balance being limestone land, and underlaid with coal, and about 20 acres of limestone. There are two orchards of apple trees, in good bearing condition; peach, pear, plum trees and a grape vine. The land is well adapted for gardening purposes, being a short distance from the populous village of Elizabeth, creating a market at home for all the products. The property will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms.

Also, A Farm of 96 acres, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., about one mile from Lock No. 3, on Monongahela river. The improvements are one frame house, with five rooms, barn, and other out-buildings. The land is not the best quality. The above will be sold at very low figures.

For further particulars, enquire of

G. H. TOWER,

no7 Real Estate Agent, 104 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—The beautiful and

SUBSTANTIAL MANSION AND GROUNDS

Owned and occupied by WILLIAM RAGALEY, Esq., situated on Western Avenue in

ALLEGHENY CITY.

The house is a model of architectural beauty, and combines every appliance for comfort and luxury. It is built of Pressed Brick and trimmed with Brown Stone, hall floors laid in encaustic tile, plate glass windows, and in every minute detail in construction throughout complete.

THE GROUNDS

Are ample (nearly four acres) and beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery, Shade Trees and Flowers. All the out-buildings are finished in a style corresponding with the mansion.

The locality is unexceptionable, being free from smoke of the cities, and the view from the house extensive.

Full particulars furnished on application to

S. S. BR

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.
London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.
Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

TUESDAY, November 13, 1866.

The New York stock quotations to-day, were as follows: Gold, 144¾; 1881's, 111; 5-20's old, 106¾; 5-20s '65, 107¾; 5-20s, new issue, 106¾; 7-30s, 1st series, 107⅝; second and third, 106¾. Michigan Southern R. R., 89¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 90¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 100½; Erie R. R., 82¾; Union Telegraph Company, 51¾; Chicago & North Western, 54¾; Chicago & Rock Island, 108¾.

The following were the buying and selling rates of Gold, Silver, Government Securities, etc., to-day, at the Banking House of Messrs. Robinson, McClean & Co., 75 Fourth Street, this city, viz:—deductions for large amounts.

	Buying.	Selling.
Gold	$143.00	145 00
Silver	133 00	136 00
U. S. Bonds 1881's	113 62½	114 12½
U. S. 5-20's, 1862	109 50	110 00
do 1864	107 00	107 50
do 1865	107 25	107 75
do new, 1865	109 50	110 00
Difference of exchange, old 1862 5-20 bonds for 1865's 1¼ premium	100 00	100 50
U. S. 10-40, large	102 50	103 00
do small	102 50	103 00
U. S. 7-30, 1st series, large	107 12½	107 62½
do 2nd and 3rd, large	106 00	106 00
U. S. Com. Int. Notes, June 1864	116 00	117 75
do do do July 1864	115 50	116 25
do do do Aug. 1864	115 00	116 50
do do do Oct. 1864	114 00	114 75
do do do Dec. 1864	113 00	113 75
do do do May 1865	110 50	111 25
do do do Aug. 1865	109 0	109 75
do do do Sep. 1865	109 00	109 75
do do do Oct. 1865	108 50	109 25

The Boston Bond is recovering from the semi-panic in coppers—we report as follows: Franklin, 45; Pewabic, 32½; (advance 2½ per share) Quincy, 47½; (advance 2½) Copper Falls, 43. Pittsburgh, 49 bid, 50 asked. Rock Island, 69¾. Minnesota, sales, 16; National, 12 bid, North Western, 55 bid, 4 asked.

Our local market quiet—some inquiry for Bank shares, but no sales reported. The expectation that after dividend day more stock would come on the market has for once been disappointed. The money market is too easy to bring out bank shares. Bridge and Gas stocks are in the same category of some investments, and are rarely disturbed.

Oils are heavy, save in one or two individual cases. Columbia is held at 16¼@16½. Triumph holds firm at the advance, sales of small lots to-day at 1,07. Marine is rather weak—2½ bid, and 2,65 asked.

—In explanation of the difference in the quotation between the old and new issue of the Five Twenties of 1865, we may remark that the old issue have just lost a coupon, the semi-annual interest being payable November 1st, while the new issue bears accumulated interest from July, the dates of payment being divided evenly with the calendar year. The November coupons and registered interest were paid out at New York last week at the rate of $600,000 per day, say $3,137,000 for five days—while the gold income from customs averaged about $350,000 per day. Since the first of the month about $11,500,000 was paid out, and about $3,000,000 received for customs. The shipments of specie from New York to Europe, on Saturday, were larger than for some time past, the total by all the steamers being $923,190. The total shipments for the week were $1,037,850; previously reported $85,585,777—grand total since January 1st $86,623,627. Receipts of treasure from San Francisco, California, during October aggregated $2,650,000, and $9,000,000 were shipped on government account since 1st of January last. The total exports of treasure from San Francisco from January 1st to date amount to $26,820,184.

—The Comptroller of the Currency announces that bonds have been received for deposit with the Treasurer of the United States to an amount sufficient to secure the entire three hundred millions of circulation of the national banking law, and no bonds of more can be received after this date. The limit has been reached, and hereafter it will be useless to forward bonds, or to apply for increase of capital, by existing institutions or new banks, or to do anything with the expectation of getting circulating notes.

—Letters from London state that many new investors are buying United States bonds, being impressed with the conviction that they are the safest and cheapest security in the European market; and there is now a scarcity in the European money market, as the quotations, holders awaiting for a much higher price.

—The London *Star* notices the current large reduction in gilt purchases thus:

Perhaps nothing in the whole range of financial topics challenges more interest at present than the remarkable manner in which the United States people are getting rid of the burden of their debt. If it was naturally accumulated it bids fair to be also rapidly diminished, and the history of obligations of not the utmost of their peace has never been even a matter of political dispute. They have assumed it to be a duty resting on the present generation to bring it down as low as they assumed the duty of fighting to preserve their country from disruption.

The interest bearing debt has been reduced by $138,326,677 during the six months ending October, or £21,251,919—a fact entirely unexampled in the history of the world. The yearly charge upon the revenues of the treasury has been reduced for the same period by $9,585,000, or £1,709,820. It is expected of the financiers of the Union that the existing debt of $2,210,108,-262—a sum when written in dollars is so enormously large as to require a vast effort of imagination to express it—will be brought down to two thousand millions of dollars by the first of January, 1867, or at all events by the 1st of July.

That is, the *Americans look calmly to the possibility of passing of within six months $200,000,000 or £40,000,000, or an equal to the whole income of this country at an distant period.* The gold values of the import entries make the expectation by no means improbable. Up to the 4th of October the amount of gold paid for import duties had been $28,507,277, or £5,755,500, independent altogether of the interior currency taxation. *These facts are well worthy the study of British statesmen.*

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, November 13, 1866.

CATTLE.

There was a very fair supply of cattle this week, not any larger than usual, but considerably in excess of the demand, nevertheless. The market was a very hard one for drovers, the demand being restricted almost wholly to supplying the wants of the local trade, and with unfavorable reports from New York, and no inquiry of any consequence for shipment, prices have still further declined. Prime cattle sold at from 7 to 7½; good at 6¾ to 6½; medium at 5¾ to 6; and common at 4½ to 5. Several small droves or portions of droves were left over unsold—some will be held over for next week, but generally, they will be driven out to East Liberty, and there sold or shipped East. One drover from Western Reserve, Ohio, sent his cattle back home. He alleges that if he had sold his stock, 40 head of cows, at what he was offered, he would have lost over six hundred dollars. Generally speaking, drovers have been losing money for some time past, which is owing to the fact they pay too much for Cattle in the country, but as a class, they are accustomed to "long" and "blowing," and, having made a good deal of money during the last few years, they can afford to part with a little of it.

HOGS.

The retail demand is becoming more active, but, thus far, none of our packers have entered the field, notwithstanding prices are now lower than for several years past. Taking New York as a guide, fair to good corn fed hogs ought not to be worth more than 9½ to 7¾ gross. In retail way, sales were made on Monday at 8 to 9 cts—Emerick & Co. sold about one hundred head at the above range.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The market continues quiet and dull, notwithstanding the offerings continue comparatively light. We quote fair to good fat sheep at 4½ to 5 gross, and extra at 5 to 5¼. Lambs dull, but without quotable change, ranging from 7 to 8¼ per head.

IMPORTED SALES OF CATTLE.

Glass & Lafferty retailed 42 head at 4 to 7—sold 7 head of prime fat steers to B. Grey, averaging 1500, at 7¼. Turner sold Glass & Lafferty 12 head of pretty good steers, averaging 1150, at 6¾. Turner sold Hines 12 head Bulls at 4¾.

John Kerwin retailed 25 head on commission at 5,50—30 head left over. Bought 25 head at 6 to 6¾. Hazlewood & Co. retailed 35 head of good Washington Co. cattle at 6¾ to 7¾. S. Oviatt retailed 16 head at 4½ to 6.

Brown sold L. Ritchchilds 17 head of good cattle, averaging 1180, at 7. Jas. Morgan retailed 39 head at 5¼ to 7¼. Clark to Evanson 38 head, averaging 1000, on private terms—understood to be 6¾. Carr McAllister retailed 11 head at 5,15 to 7,25.

Moonshine & Metz sold B. Grey 27 head of good cattle, averaging 1300, at 7, retailed 12 at 7. P. Hartman sold 14 head at 7¼. L. Rothchilds 39 head at 6 to 7¼.

Marks & Trautman 183 head at 5½ to 7¾. Greenwald & Kaufman 31 head at 5 to 7. Merrick & Doud 22 at 5½ to 6¾. Myers & Needy 149 head at 5 to 6¾. Kraus & Haas 81 head.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—The market for Beef Cattle is again heavy, prices being fully 50 pound lower, and closing still in buyer's favor. The receipts are very large, and drovers, though losing heavily on all sales, have shown a disposition to work off their stock at buyers' own figures. Even at present rates, drovers have no confidence and entertain little hope of any reaction. A few of the very best cattle have sold at 16c, but a good quality were on sale at 15 to 15½c, and fair at 14c, the average being about 15½c. Milch Cows in less active demand and rather easier, and closing about $1@$3 per head for the best, and $30 to $100 for inferior to good. Veal Calves firm, owing to small supply. We quote at 8c to 12c for common to fair; 12½@13c for extra, and a few choice at 13¾@14c. Sheep and Lambs less plenty, and have sold at higher figures, but weaker at the close: 5@6c for common to good, and 7@7½c for extra to very best sheep. We quote at 7@7½ per corn fed live Hogs, and 9¼@10¾c for do. dressed. The receipts for the week are 7,257 beeves, 70 cows, 1,124 veals, 27,417 sheep and lambs, and 17,435 swine, which compared with last week show an increase of 647 beeves, and a decrease of 15 cows, 15 veals, 5,306 sheep and lambs, and 3,871 swine.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, November 13, 1866.

There are really no new features in the produce markets worthy of special notice. The demand for the leading articles is somewhat restricted, and the operations generally, of a local and unimportant character, while, generally speaking, there has been no material changes in values.

GRAIN—Wheat is dull and neglected, and, in the absence of sales, we omit quotations. Oats a little more active but a shade lower; sale of 600 bush on wharf, at 52; 1800 do do at 53; and 600, in elevator, at 55. Corn is quiet and unchanged; sale of 2 cars new at 70, and 1 car prime old shelled at $1,07. Rye is in demand at $1,20, and but little offering. Prime spring Barley is quoted at $1,14@1,15—choice at $1,18, an outside price, and a little above the views of most of the brewers.

FLOUR—Is quiet and a little dull, buyers holding off in anticipation of a decline, though as yet, prices have undergone but little change. We quote at $12 to $12,50 for Spring Wheat, and $13 to $13,50 for Winter. Sales of Rye Flour at $8 to $8,50 per bbl, and Buckwheat at $4 to $4,50 per cwt.

APPLES—The receipts continue heavy, and with but a limited demand, for the home use and shipment, the market is very dull, with a drooping tendency. We quote in store, in small lots, at $2 to $2,50, for good to prime, and $3 for choice. Sale of 172 bbls "mixed," on wharf, at $1,37½ per bbl.

POTATOES—Prime Jersey sweets are reported steady at $5 per bbl. Prime Peach Blows at $2,50 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is dull and nominally unchanged. Lard is quoted at 13 to 13¾, for prime kettle rendered.

HAY—There is a fair demand, and we can report regular sales at $23 to $25. To-day, one firm sold 82 bales prime baled, on wharf, at $25. The supply is light, and receipts limited.

BUTTER—Is in good supply, but prime Roll still sells without much difficulty at 30 to 32. Country packed Butter is very dull, as there is no margin for shipment.

EGGS—Scarce and in demand, and fresh packed may be quoted at 30 to 32.

CHEESE—Continues dull but nominally unchanged; we continue to quote at 16 for Western Reserve; 17 to 18 for Hamburg; 19 for Factory, and 20 for Goshen.

CRANBERRIES—Steady with regular sales at $15 per bbl for common, and $20 for cultivated.

SEEDS—Flaxseed is in good demand, and we only report sales at $3 to $3,10. But little doing in Clover or Timothy seeds.

ONIONS—Selling in a regular way from store at $2,50 to $3 per bbl, as to quality.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, November 13, 1866.

CRUDE—The market is firmer under the influence of light receipts, and an improved demand, though prices are not quotably higher —19½ to 11 cts, this returned and in bulk, and 13½ to 16, bbls included, according to gravity. Sale 2500 bbls at 10½c and 750 (45 gravity) at 11. The supply at present is mainly for gravities ranging from 40 to 45, and refiners generally have bought early with the upward turn in gold bearing bonds, being generally ½ higher. State stocks are more active, especially Missouri 6s, which rose 2½, closing at 93½ bid. Money is without change. North Western, 56½; N. W. preferred, 79½; Rock Island, 107½; Fort Wayne, 102½; Ohio and Mississippi, 31½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 90¾. Petroleum stocks—Central, 52½; Bonehoof, 62½.

The *Commercial's* money article says: The decline noticed in the stock list is the result of a bear movement, the bulls having pushed prices up to the highest point. Governments are again firmly held